

Assessment tools Body Treatments







This work was developed as joint work of partner organisations from Germany, Spain, Italy, Cyprus and Finland conducted within the project "Enhancement of VET offers in the wellness sector" (hereinafter referred to as *Skills for Wellness*, project number 2019-1-DE02-KA202-006180).

The project *Skills for Wellness* aims to equip providers of wellness services, professionals and VET institutions with the tools to evaluate and improve own and employees' professional skills.











Confederación Española de Centros de Enseñanza



Acknowledgement

We would like to thank all the students, trainers, educators, experts, and researchers that have contributed to the development of this material.



© 2021. This work is licensed under a CC BY 4.0 license.

The European Commission's support for the production of this publication does not constitute an endorsement of the contents, which reflect the views only of the authors, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein.

Agreement No 2019-1-DE02-KA202-006180



Table of contents

NTRODUCTION	
Background information and purpose of the assessment tools	
Objective of the procedure and selection of tools	
Assessors	
How to use and apply the assessment tools	
Profile template for the candidate of the assessment (example)	10
Summary of the results from the assessment	11
Body Treatments	
Observation "First appointment management"	19
Demonstration / Simulation "Body Analysis"	22
Case study "Thermographic detection"	25
Test "Anatomy, cosmetology and body analysis"	29
2.2 Body Massage [Care Related Treatment]	38
Observation "First appointment management"	39
Demonstration / Simulation "Special customer treatment"	42
Case study "Woman with contracture"	45
Test "Anatomy-cosmetology-contraindications connective tissue massage and unexpected events"	50
Test "Green skills to support beauty treatments"	56
2.3 Body Treatments: Hydrotherapy, Anti-Cellulite Treatments, Aromatherapy, Light Therapy, Sauna and Baths [Care and Beauty Related Treatment]	
Exercise 1: Observation "Create your own work schedule"	68
Exercise 2: Observation "Customer service and creation of a digital customer information fil	le" 70
Exercise 3: Observation "Customer engagement through environmental care"	72
Exercise 4: Demonstration "Performing a cellulite treatment"	74
Exercise 5: Case study "Aesthetic treatment for body flaccidity"	78
Exercise 6: Work assignment "Recommendations on healthy habits"	80
Exercise 7: Test "Health and safety."	83
2.4 Hair removing [Beauty Related Treatment]	90
Exercise 1: Observation "Relationship with the Hair Removing Customer"	91
Exercise 2: Demonstration "Hair Removing Treatment with Customer by Using Waxing/Suga	_
Exercise 3: Evidence extracted from work / case study "Hair Removing Products and Follow-Treatment"	•





Exercise 4: Test "Hair Removing"	98
2.5 Body painting [Beauty Related Treatment]	108
Exercise 1: Observation "Information and communication to the customer and satisfaction control"	109
Exercise 2: Case study "Body painting to promote a show or campaign with a social solidarity fund against breast cancer"	
Demonstration / Simulation "Belly Painting with hypoallergenic products"	115
Exercise 4: Test Exercise "Identifying the tools and cosmetics"	118
2.6 Tanning [Beauty Related Treatment]	127
Exercise 1: Observation "Relationship with the Tanning Customer"	128
Exercise 2: Demonstration "Tanning Treatment with Customer"	130
Exercise 3: Evidence extracted from work / case study "Self-Tanning"	133
Exercise 4: Test "History of Tanning"	135
Annex - Profile template for the candidate of the assessment	
,	



INTRODUCTION

The assessment tools are the result of the joint work of partner organisations from Germany, Spain, Italy, Cyprus and Finland conducted within the project "Enhancement of VET offers in the wellness sector" (hereinafter referred to as *Skills for Wellness*, project number 2019-1-DE02-KA202-006180). The project *Skills for Wellness* aims to equip providers of wellness services, professionals and VET institutions with the tools to evaluate and improve own and employees' professional skills.

Background information and purpose of the assessment tools

For the development of the assessment procedure and tools the following principles / issues were taken into account:

- Development of the assessment tools in line with the individual's needs and characteristics. The suggested assessment tools and procedure correspond to the context of the wellness sector and occupational standards covering specific fields and defined commonly by the project partnership. The occupational standards can be also found on the website of Skills for wellness. The assessment tools focus on the evaluation of the competences of a person working in the wellness sector when dealing with customers or learners willing to work in this sector in the future. The following issues were attached high importance when developing the assessment procedure and tools: transversal skills related to the communication and relations with customer, response to the specific needs of customers (health issues, cultural issues etc.), use of new technologies as well as green skills.
- Assurance of validity and reliability of tools for assessment. This means that when designing
 the tools, interpretation and use of assessment outcomes is supported by evidence e.g.
 specific exercises, clear instructions for assessment, available documentation of assessment.
 Reliability of the tools refers to the degree of consistency and accuracy of the assessment
 outcomes. Both elements relate to all aspects of the competency / responsibility, integration
 of relevant knowledge and skills with their practical application for workplace tasks.
- Designing tools and procedure to capture and assess the learning process specific to each individual and the context in which this learning took place, including non-formal context (e.g. participation in trainings, workshops) or informal context (learning by doing in working place).
 This means that the individual specificity of learning outcomes requires a combination of various tools from written tests to demonstrations, practical challenges, simulations, etc.
- Clear definition of assessment in terms of procedure, tools and assessment standards for all relevant groups: current and future employees of wellness institutions, employers in the wellness sector, education institutions providing VET training in the field of wellness.

Objective of the procedure and selection of tools

The aim of the assessment developed in the project Skills for Wellness is to collect evidence or proof and make a judgement if a specific competence or skill has been acquired. The assessment procedure with tools aims to provide evidence if an individual can perform tasks; this evidence will be collected on the basis of the demonstration indicators for each learning outcome. The results of the assessment will support to setting up, e.g., a tailor-made training activity for the employees or learners, further possible development of the professional and transversal skills and competences.

For collecting or extracting evidence, following tools will be applied in the assessment procedure:

• Simulations, demonstrations, progressive tasks where individuals are placed in a situation close to real-life scenarios to have their competences assessed.



- Observations of the specific tasks performed in a real working place the observation is done against the defined demonstration indicators.
- Evidence extracted from work or another activity, collection of physical or intellectual evidence of learning outcomes from work situations, which includes a written assignment, case study or work diary.
- Tests in form of selection of answers, matching exercises to validate specific knowledge.

When designing the assessment tools and procedure the following aspects were taken into account:

- Clear instructions identifying the activities to be performed by the candidate, the key points to be observed and/or evaluated as well as what performance issues (demonstration indicators) shall be considered by the assessor;
- A checklist for the key demonstration indicators and key observation points in case of observation;
- Decision criteria, series of questions or checklist of responses corresponding with demonstration indicators.

Additionally, the assessment procedure indicates what learning outcome will be assessed, what methods will be used for assessment, when and where the assessment will take place, the criteria for decision-making (aspects guiding judgement), assessment feedback with possible areas for improvement. In case of demonstration indicators, it is important that they indicate not only occupational competence, but also transversal competences, especially communication with the client, intercultural competence, knowledge of foreign language (primarily, English as a lingua franca), ICT skills, and green skills.

Assessors

The assessment shall be carried out by the persons with expertise and experience in the field. The person carrying out the assessment is called as an assessor. The assessor shall possess the following background:

- A professional beautician / cosmetician having at least five years of working experience or teacher / trainer in the field of beauty and wellness, or
- An English teacher with working experience in the field, when relevant e.g. during assessment of English language proficiency, or one assessor fulfilling both conditions.





How to use and apply the assessment tools

1. Observation

This method is to be used in a real working situation, when employee carries out specific tasks e.g. facial treatment on a client. The supervisor or manager plays the role of the assessor.

The following steps are applied:

- Selection of the tasks / performance to be observed from the specific unit
- Selection of demonstration indicators related to the specific task
- Informing learner / employee about the activity
- Assigning key observation points to the demonstration indicators some of the indicators cover more than one activity; therefore, it is necessary to list all relevant key observations, which can help in the assessment process.

	minor carrier mene accessing process.			
Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY
4	•	i di t (Ciait ala alal
1.	Demonstration indicator (here the demonstratio	n inaicators j	rom tne specij	ric unit snouia
	be included)			
	e.g. S/he informs and consults the customer about	•	ices and produ	icts for make
	 up activities in a professional and understanda 	ble manner.		
1.1	Key observation points e.g. S/he has informed	п		П
	what kind of products will be used for make up.			
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:
1.2				
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competend	ces:
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
1.3		П	П	П
	for improvements based on identified gans in know			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
2	Demonstration indicator			
2.				
2.1	Key observation points			
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	ıledge, skills a	and competend	ces:
2.2				
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	ind competend	ces:
	•		·	
2.3				
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	ind competend	ces:
	,	. J., v		



2. Demonstration / Simulation

In case of demonstration method, similar steps will be undertaken. In case of demonstration, the working situation is created e.g. during the training activity or as a training activity in working place. In demonstration activity, e.g. learners can play different roles, one of a customer, the other one – that of employee. The candidate will carry out simulation with the help of a dummy or another person, using the required equipment to complete some key actions for the tasks fulfilment. In training settings, this method will be mostly applied.

The following steps are applied:

- Selection of the tasks / performance to be observed within specific unit
- Explaining the task / providing instructions to the learner
- Selection of demonstration indicators related to the specific task
- Assigning key observation points to the demonstration indicators some of the indicators cover more than one activity, therefore it is necessary to list all relevant key observations

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY				
1.	Demonstration indicator							
1.1	I.1 Key observation points							
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				
1.2								
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				
1.3								
	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				
2.	Demonstration indicator							
2.1	Key observation points		Ш					
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				
2.2								
	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				
2.3								
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:				
2.4								
Areas	for improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				



3. Evidence extracted from work / case study

In case of work or case study, the learner (candidate) will receive a task e.g. to analyse a specific situation provided in a video sequence, text, dialogue or pictures and provide own answer or justification of e.g. work effects or correction reactions in a specific situation with a client. The activity can be carried out in written or oral form. The assessment will be based on the correctness of the answer/s. These will include: open questions - the candidate will be often asked to describe or explain also in English the actions he / she would perform without simulating them in front of the assessor, and / or describe / assess situations related to the specific tasks shown in video sessions; as well as multiple choice questions – the candidate will be asked to select a correct answer. For the assessment of the case study / work assignment, the same method as in case of demonstration or observation is applied. The relevant demonstration indicators will be selected, on the basis of the work assignment / case study the key observation points will be defined.

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY				
1.	Demonstration indicator							
1.1	L Key observation points □ □ □							
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				
1.2								
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				
1.3								
	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:				
2.	Demonstration indicator							
2.1	Key observation points							
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:								
2.2								
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:								
2.3								
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:								
2.4.								
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:								



4. Test

In case of test it is important that all questions are of the same weight and importance, otherwise the results cannot be reliable.

Demonstration indicator		Areas of improvement – comments from the assessor
76-100% of questions are answered correctly.		
60-75% percent of questions are answered correctly.	Threshold	
26-59% of questions are answered correctly.		
1-25% of questions are answered correctly.		
All questions are answered incorrectly.		



Profile template for the candidate of the assessment (example)

PROFILE OF CANDIDATE IN THE FIELD OF WELLNESS AND TOURISM

NAME:	Maria
SURNAME:	Stuart
DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH:	XX.XX.XXXX
ADDRESS:	
	NESS AND TOURISM SECTORS erences from employers; evidence provided by the candidate useful to the
Has been working a	es beautician in Spa centre X for four years e for Wellness Beautician (graduated September 2020)
EXTRA PROFESSIONAL EXPE (please describe, as precisely work experience)	RIENCES as possible, the activities done and the courses attended beyond the
Additional course L	omi – Lomi massage
OTHER	
(notes of the assessor to be a	onsidered for the final evaluation)
UNITS TO BE EVALUATED	
(please tick relevant units)	
Unit 1.4 x	
Unit 2	
Unit 3	
Unit 4	



Summary of the results from the assessment

Based on selected methods and tools of assessment, the assessor provides a feedback to the learner / employee. In the first column, assessor writes the selected unit from the occupational standards and lists demonstration indicators, which were evaluated. In the second column, the assessor provides areas of strengths related to the specific indicator. In the third column, the assessor provides information on areas of improvements: weaknesses and proposal for the personal improvement plan.

Unit 1.4 MAKE-UP ACTIVITIES [BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENT]				
Demonstration indicators	Areas of strengths based on assessment with use of observation, demonstration, case study and / or test.	Areas of improvements on the basis of assessment with use of observation, demonstration, case study and / or test.		
S/he informs and consults the client about the sequences and products for makeup activities in a professional and understandable manner, also in a foreign language.	Appropriate use of politeness and communication rules when informing and consulting a customer	In case of use a foreign language – English, the candidate should work more on communicative aspects when using a foreign language, even if some mistakes appear		
S/he informs the client about costs of the make-up and duration.	Clear information on price and duration of treatment given	-		
S/he selects cosmetic products based on skin condition, hair colour, shape of face in order to conceal the imperfections of the skin.	Good skills for appropriate selection of products, good knowledge	-		
S/he informs about the colours and styling for makeup based on the client's age and occasion (using applications and programmes for visualization of make-up where	Good knowledge of make-up styling relevant for the customer Good knowledge of various programmes useful for the customer Ability to give information in a communicative manner to the customer	-		



	relevant).		
•	S/he informs on the effects of make-up and possible mistakes in daily or evening make up.	Competent information and tips to the customer, giving in an understandable and polite form	-
•	S/he maintains own working area (i.e. use of light, mirror, utensils, equipment etc.) in line with hygiene and safety rules before, during and after treatment.	-	Not all utensils were cleaned properly after the treatment, more attention should be paid to the specific procedures of disinfection and cleaning
•	S/he applies make- up according to the face shape and skin conditions, occasion, and client's wishes taking into account environmental issues.	Good skills on application make- up	It is necessary to deepen knowledge on new products which are environmentally friendly
•	S/he assesses the results of make-up and applies any correction when necessary.	Good assessment of own work and ability to apply any necessary improvements	-
•	S/he advises the customer on make-up removal and follow-up facial care taking into account individual characteristics and/or special needs	-	It is suggested to investigate more specific needs of skin and relevant products (not only the expensive ones), to investigate more on natural alternative products for facial care
•	S/he selects make- up products and tools that are friendly to the customer's health	-	Poor knowledge of products which are environmentally friendly; It is suggested to look for additional information and updates on the new products which are in line with



and/environment	environmental protection

Body Treatments









BODY SKIN DIAGNOSIS CARE AND BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENTS







Body Treatments

2.1 BODY SKIN DIAGNOSIS CARE AND BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENTS			
Learning outcomes correspond to EQF		EQF 4	
Learning outcome: S/he is able to analyze body skin and assess the results for treatment planning taking into account wishes and needs of customer			Demonstration indicators
Knowledge	Skills	Responsibility and autonomy	
S/he is able to	S/he is able to	S/he demonstrates proven ability to	Based on real work situations
 Describe diagnostics methods and tools necessary to select further body treatments Familiar with elements of anatomy (skin construction, types, characteristics, functions), dermatology, physiology, hygiene and cosmetology functional to body treatments List types of pathological changes on the body skin obstructing or preventing the performance of a beauty treatment Indicate risks associated with different types of treatments Identify indications and contraindications on the body for the procedure of body 	Select diagnostics methods and tools (interview and observation, customer care) necessary to perform the skin's condition and to decide on body treatments Recognize various indications and contraindications on the body skin to choose and apply body treatment as well as risks associated with the treatments	 Take responsibility for the completion of full body skin analysis Keep the boundary between the skills of the aesthetician and those of the dermatologist Advise the client about the reasons for the individual characteristics of skin according to the imperfections found Guide the customer in choosing the product, application, and treatment most suitable for the specific case 	 S/he fills in the customer card, using the visual and tactile and thermographic techniques to detect skin alterations and using the question technique to fill in the part dedicated to the general anamnesis S/he demonstrates interpersonal skills to manage the relationship with the client throughout the diagnosis time S/he prepares the cabin with all the necessary material to be able to perform the diagnosis S/he recommends the products and proposes solutions based on their cosmetological, anatomical, dermatological



treatment		knowledge
 Recall impact of 		S/he is familiar wit
external and		hygiene technique
internal factors on		and knows how to
condition and		put them into
functioning of		practice
body skin		S/he carries out the
		diagnosis on
		schedule and with
		the correct
		sequences
		 S/he manages the
		unforeseen events
		related to the
		client's behavior or
		in reference to the
		complications that
		may arise during
		the diagnosis
Assessment tools	Observation	
	 Demonstration 	
	Case study	
	• Test	



2.1 Body Skin Diagnosis Care and Beauty Related Treatments		
List of activities		
Exercise 1: Observation "First appointment management"		
Exercise 2: Demonstration / Simulation "Body Analysis"		
Exercise 3: Case study 02 "Thermographic detection"		
Exercise 4: Test "Anatomy, cosmetology and body analysis"		



Title of the activity	Observation "First appointment management"
Presentation / Description of the activity steps	This task is done in a real work environment: the employee of the wellness center will be observed and evaluated in managing the first appointment with a customer who wishes to have a consultation regarding the products and body treatments most suitable for her skin. This task is done in the mother tongue, so knowledge of the foreign language is not taken into account by the demonstration indicators. The learner is informed in advance about the activity. Instructions: the learner will have to manage the customer indicated by the
	observer throughout the consultancy phase.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: Beauty Center Materials needed: None
Time needed	10/20 minutes



Observation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY	
1.	S/he fills in the customer card, using the visual / tactile and thermographic techniques				
	to detect skin changes and using the question technique to fill in the part dedicated to				
	the general anamnesis	•	•		
1.1	S/he correctly fills in the customer form				
	assuming the treatment appropriate to the	П		П	
	characteristics and wishes of the customer	_	_	_	
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ıledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
		0 .	·		
1.2	S/he informs about the types of products that				
	will be used				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
1.3	S/he correctly informs about the duration of	П	П	П	
	the treatment				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
2.	S/he recommends the products and proposes the most suitable treatments on the basis				
of their cosmetological and dermatological knowledge					
2.1	S/he correctly proposes alternative				
	treatments that involve the use of different	П			
	products and manual skills or the use of				
	technologies				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
2.2	S/he demonstrates dermatological knowledge	\boxtimes		П	
	related to the treated blemish			_	
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
		ı		1	
2.3	S/he proves to have cosmetological	П		П	
knowledge related to the imperfection treated					
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
3.	3. S/he demonstrates interpersonal skills to manage the relationship with the client			ne client	
	throughout the treatment				
3.1 S/he correctly manages the consultancy by			П		
	offering the different types of treatment and				



	products to finalize the proposal / package to			
	the customer			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				



Title of the activity	Demonstration / Simulation "Body Analysis"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	This task is carried out as a simulation of a real work situation. The learner will be observed and assessed in their ability to manage the relationship with the customer throughout the diagnostic process. The learner must demonstrate the ability to perform the body diagnosis in the ways and times provided and his ability to prepare and rearrange the work cabin using the necessary hygiene and safety techniques. The learner will also be evaluated on the correct management of any unexpected events or complications that may arise during the body analysis. Instructions: The learner will have to perform the body analysis provided for the customer.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: Beauty Center or at school Materials needed: All the materials for the treatment
Time needed	1 hour



Demonstration / Simulation "Body Analysis"

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY	
1.	S/he demonstrates interpersonal skills to manage the relationship with the client				
	throughout the body diagnosis	0			
1.1	S/he manages the customer's welcome with				
	ease and safety				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge skills a	and competen	res:	
7 cas 10	· improvemento suscu on ruentineu gupo in inion	reage, similar	ina competent		
1.2	S/he converses and entertains the client				
	throughout the treatment considering the				
	client's personal characteristics			_	
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge skills a	and competen	res:	
711 Cu3 10	in improvements based on identified gaps in know	reage, skins e	ina competent	ccs.	
1.3	S/he adapts to the type of client respecting				
1.0	his/her personal characteristics and behaviour				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ıledge skills a	and competen	Lec.	
Aicasio	i improvements based on identified gaps in know	icage, skills t	ina competen	ccs.	
1.4	S/he manages the client's leave adequately	П	П	П	
	1 2	_		_	
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
2	2. S/he prepares the cabin with all the necessary material to be able to perform the				
2.	diagnosis				
2.1	S/he creates a welcoming environment for the				
2.1	client				
Aroas fo	for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences.					
2.2	S/he prepares the disposable material and the				
2.2	equipment necessary to carry out the body	П	П		
	diagnosis		Ш		
Aroas fo	-	المطعم دلانالد د	and compoton		
Aleas io	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rieuge, skiiis a	ina competen	ues.	
2.3	S/he correctly chooses the treatments and				
2.5	•				
	products to recommend at the end of the		Ш	Ц	
diagnosis					
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
3.	3. S/he prepares the cabin with all the necessary material to be able to perform the				
Э.		material to D	e able to perio	oriii tile	
	diagnosis				



3.1	S/he recognizes and applies adequate sanitation techniques during the preliminary stage of diagnosis				
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
3.2	S/he recognizes and applies adequate sanitation techniques during the diagnosis execution phase				
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
3.3	S/he recognizes and applies the appropriate sanitation techniques to the stage following the diagnosis				
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
4.	4. S/he prepares the cabin with all the necessary material to be able to perform the diagnosis				
4.1	S/he respects the correct sequences of the diagnosis				
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
4.2	S/he respects the timing of the diagnosis				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences: 5. S/he prepares the cabin with all the necessary material to be able to perform the					
	diagnosis				
5.1	S/he manages the client's behaviour in a calm and reassuring way in the face of unexpected events				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
5.2	S/he manages the complications that may arise during diagnosis in a responsible, timely and competent manner				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					



Title of the activity	Case study "Thermographic detection"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	The learner receives the case study and has to provide explanations according to the case. The case study proposed is about a thermographic analysis. The learner has to answer some questions.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: • At school or in a Beauty Center Materials needed: • The case
Time needed	30 min



Exercise – Thermographic analysis

Activity description:

"After a careful thermographic analysis, the result that stands out is a thermographic image with spots of various colours with faded edges, surrounded by halos that determine the presence of cold areas, less supplied by blood vessels. The skin surface appears rough to the touch, the softness of the fabric is slightly increased, and the elasticity and tone may be decreased".



Answer the following questions:

- 1. What kind of cellulite is this?
- 2. After identifying the type of cellulite highlighted in the photo:
 - A) how many treatment cycles would you recommend to your customer
 - B) list the treatments you would go to perform
 - C) what kind of products would you recommend?



Solution

1. What kind of cellulite is this?

Edematous cellulite

- 2. After identifying the type of cellulite highlighted in the photo:
 - 1. how many treatment cycles would you recommend to your client
 - 2. list the treatments you would like to perform,
 - 3. what kind of products would you recommend
- 1. Advise the customer about treatment cycles to prevent the situation from escalating. On average: cycles of 10/12 treatments to be carried out 1 or 2 times a week and 2 or 3 times a year. Evaluate improvements with the use of thermographic plates.
- 2. Treatments

All treatments that have draining active ingredients (muds and bandages based on salt, gotu kola, butcher's broom, horse chestnut, ivy, etc.), vasotonic, i.e. able to reduce capillary permeability, favoring venous return, resorption of edema and the reactivation of the microcirculation (horse chestnut, butcher's broom, witch hazel, blueberry, red vine, rutin, etc.) and re-epithelializing (centella) that is, stimulating the regeneration of the subcutaneous components. Evaluate whether or not the edema is accompanied by fat pads; if it were, combine the use of lipolytic products that increase the metabolism of adipose tissue (seaweed, caffeine, etc.).

In detail

Scrub: once a month

Manual lymphatic drainage massages: unblock the lymphatic stations with a few drops of draining oil and massage with creams that must contain the aforementioned active ingredients in order to amplify the effect. Lymphatic drainage is very effective and in a few sessions, it allows to reduce the circumference of the treated area and to restore a rosy color to the skin dictated by better oxygenation

Mechanical lymphatic drainage massages: pressotherapy with or without bandages (based on the customer's predisposition to retain liquids, the sense of heaviness and swelling); Vacuum (technology that applies, through a handpiece used by the professional, a sort of suction / pause / pressure capable of "sucking" and "releasing" the skin fold of the treated area in order to detach the fabric, improving its softness of the same). In addition to being very suitable for blood and lymphatic circulation and to drain excess fluids, it is able to maintain a good silhouette.

Manual connective tissue massage: detaches the tissue in a more decisive way and combined with the use of products (serums, creams, oils) with the active ingredients mentioned above

Mud therapy and bandages: using products based on salts and gels with a draining action (excellent those from the Dead Sea) or based on marine mucilage, rich in iodine; clay-based products also promote the reduction of liquids and the elimination of toxins.

If after contrasting and reducing the edema with the aforementioned treatments, the adipose panniculus remains and is evident, it is possible to proceed, at a local level, to infrared and ultrasound treatments.

If there is atony of the tissue (which could be accentuated with the elimination of liquids), insert radiofrequency and electrostimulation treatments.



Case Study

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators YES NO F		PARTLY		
1.	S/he recommends the products and proposes t	he most suit	able treatmen	ts based on	
	their cosmetological and dermatological knowl	edge			
1.1	S/he correctly proposes alternative				
	treatments that involve the use of different				
	products and manual skills or the use of				
	technologies				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
1.2	S/he demonstrates dermatological knowledge				
	related to the treated blemish				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
1.3	S/he demonstrates that they have				
	cosmetological knowledge related to the				
imperfection treated					
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					



Title of the activity	Test "Anatomy, cosmetology and body analysis"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	The questions present in the following test aim to evaluate the knowledge that the learner must demonstrate to possess regarding the treatments provided based on the body diagnosis performed.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: • At school or in a Beauty Center Materials needed: • The test format
Time needed	1 hour



Test

Activity description: the questions in the following test aim to evaluate the knowledge that learner must demonstrate about the treatments provided based on the body diagnosis performed. Instructions: the test consists of the following questions. The expected time is 60 minutes.

ANATOMY:

- 1. What stages are part of cellulite? How it looks at a visual-tactile level
- 2. What are the causes that may have given rise to the problem?
- 3. How does cellulite appear in the various age groups?

COSMETOLOGY

1.	What are the most used phytoessences in the treatment of cellulite?
2.	The essential oil of is used against fluid retention and the presence of stagnation in the lymphatic system
3.	"It improves the functioning of the lymphatic system, draining excess fluids, dissolving fats and improving blood circulation": this is the phytoessence of
BOI	DY ANALYSIS
a)	 Impedance meter: Put an X on the correct answer: Measure your lean and fat mass Measure intra and extra cellular water Measure lean, fat mass, intra and extra cellular water and basal metabolism
b)	Put an X on the answer you think is correct:
	es lean mass consume the calories ingested by our body? YES / NO es lean mass determine basal metabolic rate? YES / NO
	ne basal metabolic rate given by the number of calories that our body consumes at rest? YES / NO at mass represented only by intramuscular fat? YES / NO
c)	In a schematic way, write what thermography is for and how is it used?
d)	What other methods do you know for body measurement?



Solution

Answers: 100 points

ANATOMY

1. What stages are part of cellulite? (total 20 points: 5 points per answer)

Stage 1

It is a reversible stage and is characterized by edema and an initial alteration of the blood supply. The vessels have an abnormal permeability of the wall and this causes plasma exudation, stagnation and accumulation in the interstitial spaces.

Stage 2

The phenomena that characterize the first increase. The final result is that the reticular fibrils present around the adipocytes increase in number and thickness, thus worsening the condition of the microcirculation and its relationship with the adipocytes; in addition, there is a loss of elasticity and softness of the skin. Exchanges decrease and there is also a stagnation of toxins

Stage 3

Micronodules are formed, that is, very small rounded structures encapsulated in collagen fibrils. The nodules and collagen fibers together form a web that, by enclosing the microcirculation and adipocytes, hinders metabolic exchanges. Thus begins a sclerosis of the connective tissue of the dermis, a hyperkeratosis of the affected area and consequent poor oxygenation.

Stage 4

The micronodules have multiplied to form macronodulations that are easily appreciable on palpation, which appear mobile, painful to the pressure and lifting of the skin fold.

This stage evolves into fibrosis, which is an irreversible process characterized by final sclerosis in which the collagen fibrils form an increasingly dense texture adhering, in depth, to the muscle bands How does it appear on a visual-tactile level? (total 7 points: 1.75 per answer)

Stage 1

The skin becomes softer and less elastic.

Stage 2

The skin is pale, hypothermic, more pasty and paresthesias, ie alterations in skin sensitivity, begin to appear.

Stage 3

The skin has the characteristic orange peel appearance: there is also some pain on palpation.

Stage 4

The appearance of the skin, orange peel or mattress, becomes very marked, the skin is rather pale and manifests district hypothermia.

Streaks appear spontaneous pain sensations and on palpation, both single and conglobate nodules are easily detected, usually painful.

- 2. What are the causes that may have given rise to the problem? (10 points: 1 point per answer)
 - genetic causes
 - constitutional
 - hormonal
 - vascular
 - sedentary life



- stress
- liver disease
- poor diet
- intestinal disorders
- pathologies characterized by marked water retention

3. How does cellulite appear in the various age groups? (44 points)

In the pre-menstrual phase, blood circulation tends to slow down creating an ideal situation for water retention. In fact, you feel more "swollen" due to the accumulation of fluids. Furthermore, in the presence of an irregular menstrual cycle, the situation is even worse as the body does not regulate the natural elimination of toxins from the body. (5 points)

In pregnancy, cellulite can appear or accentuate if it is already present. As you gain weight, in fact, the adipose tissue also increases, the bulk of the belly hinders the natural blood microcirculation, especially on the thighs, and the ongoing hormonal storm upsets the natural metabolism. (5 points)

Following drastic weight decreases, cellulite worsens. Often, when you suffer from this blemish, the first thing you do is go on a strict diet. Nothing more wrong. Muscle loss due to rapid and excessive weight loss makes adipose tissue even more evident. (5 points)

Menopause: Major hormonal and physiological changes have a strong relevance in this period of life. Menopause causes a change and decrease in the hormones naturally produced by the body. By producing less estrogen, however, there is less water retention and an improvement in blood circulation, which could restore the appearance of the skin for the better. Unfortunately, however, there is usually a growth in appetite with consequent weight gain, which can lead to an accumulation of adipose tissue that is difficult to eliminate. (5 points)

Cellulite at 30: a lot depends on the age of onset (which, due to hormonal influences, often coincides with adolescence), but the cellulite of a thirty-year-old is not infrequently still relatively "young", that is, of the first stage (edematous), characterized by the typical orange peel and slight ripples. More often, however, it is of the adipose type, that is cellulite hot to the touch, compact and associated with overweight, even slight, which manifests itself with the typical "mattress" skin on the thighs, buttocks, abdomen, hips. The positive side: on a biological level, the skin of a thirty-year-old is still firm and, consequently, capable of attenuating the orange peel for an optical / containing effect. (8 points)

Cellulite at 40 years old: from 40 years old, cellulite, especially if not treated properly at a younger age, can easily be of the fibrous type, an advanced stage characterized by small subcutaneous granules and hardening of the tissues and by cold skin that aches at the touch. The appearance is a mattress-like skin with clearly visible nodules on the thighs, abdomen, hips and often also on the arms. The physiological hormonal decline (which affects the genesis and progression of cellulite) and chrono-aging, in particular the slowing of the activity of the fibroblasts that produce collagen, elastic fibers and hyaluronic acid, also contribute to highlighting the imperfection even more: tensor and "containment" effect of the skin, the "holes" of the fibrous tissues are even more evident. (8 points)

Cellulite at 50 - 60 years: after menopause, the orange peel tends to transform into the so-called "laxity cellulite", where the imperfection tends to visibly exacerbate due to the sliding of the skin and subcutaneous tissues downwards and marked thinning and loss of elasticity of the tissues. A process that is aggravated if the muscles are underdeveloped and leave room for fat cells, infiltrated with water, to build "their nest". (8 points)



COSMETOLOGY

- 1. What are the most used phyto-essences in the treatment of cellulite? (5 points: 1 point per answer)
 - 1 Birch essential oil
 - 2 Cypress essential oil
 - 3 Bitter orange essential oil
 - 4 Essential oil of rosemary
 - 5 Lemon essential oil
- 2. The essential oil of BIRCH is used against fluid retention and the presence of stagnation in the lymphatic system (1 point)
- 3. "It improves the functioning of the lymphatic system, draining excess fluids, dissolving fats and improving blood circulation": this is the phytoessence of ROSEMARY (1 point)

BODY ANALYSIS

1	Impedance	
	IIIIDECIANCE	THE PE

☐ Measure lean, fat mass, intra and extra cellular water and basal metabolism

2. Put an X on the answer you think is correct (4 points: 1 point for each answer):

Does lean mass consume the calories ingested by our body?

YES NO

Does lean mass determine basal metabolic rate?

YES NO

Is the basal metabolic rate given by the number of calories our body consumes at rest?

YES NO

Is fat mass represented only by intramuscular fat?

YES NO

3. Describe schematically what thermography is for and how is it used? (5 points)

It is a thermo-detector, which allows you to evaluate the thermal aspects of cellulite and at the same time measure the circumference of the legs or thigh. Through the plates of micro crystals, each one of a different color in relation to the different temperatures of the surrounding environment, it is possible to have a detailed reading of the type of cellulite to be treated.

4. What other methods do you know for body measurement? (2 points)

BIA Bioimpedance Analyzer (1 point) Plicometry (1 point)



Test

Demonstration indicator		Areas of improvement – comments from the assessor
76-100% of questions are answered correctly.		
60-75% percent of questions are answered correctly.	Х	
26-59% of questions are answered correctly.		
1-25% of questions are answered correctly.		
All questions are answered incorrectly.		



BODY MASSAGE [CARE RELATED TREATMENT]







BODY MASSAGE [CARE RELATED TREATMENT]				
Learning outcomes correspond to EQF			EQF 4	
Learning outcome: S/he is able to provide body massage choosing appropriate techniques and products, and taking into account customer needs and wishes. Knowledge Skills Responsibility and autonomy			Demonstration indicators	
S/he is able	to S/he is able to	S/he demonstrates proven ability to	Based on real work situations	
 Name body ty muscle tone, structure and related medic conditions List contraindicati that may rest the performal of massage (efever, flu, high blood pressur varicose veins Name various types of body massage, e.g. classical, lymphatic drainage, exomassages, how stones, bamb coconuts, herbal stamps chocolate, Chinese bubb etc. List basic class massage techniques: effleurage (longliding strokes petrissage (kneading movements the conditions) 	of body massage, e.g. lymphatic drainage, exotic massages: hot stones, bamboo, coconuts, stamps, chocolate, Chinese bubble, etc. Apply techniques of body massage	 Perform the appropriate body massage in accordance to the needs of the customer and health and safety principles Monitor customer reactions and satisfaction and adjust massage techniques if required Advise on supporting massage by applying daily skincare products suitable for specific age (circular & painting movements) Determine treatment duration, sequencing, costs and pricing calculation, informing the customer accordingly 	 S/he fills in the customer card, using the visual and tactile and thermographic techniques to detect skin alterations and using the question technique to fill in the part dedicated to the general anamnesis S/he demonstrates interpersonal skills to manage the relationship with the customer throughout the massage S/he prepares the cabin with all the necessary material to be able to perform the diagnosis S/he recommends the products and proposes solutions based on their cosmetological, anatomical, dermatological 	



press and roll the muscles under the hand or fingers), friction (a light or firm rubbing back and forth of the hands across the skin), and pressure point (direct pressure on a hard, knotted spot). Distinguish types of treatments for various types of customers, incl. pregnant women, seniors, cancer patients, people with intolerances, etc.		 knowledge S/he is familiar with hygiene techniques and knows how to put them into practice S/he performs the massage on schedule and with the correct sequences S/he manages the unexpected events related to the customer's behavior or in reference to the complications that may arise during the massage
Assessment tools	ObservationDemonstrationCase studyTest	



2.2 Body Massage	[Care Related Treatment]
List of activ	vities
Exercis	se 1: Observation "First appointment management" 10/20 minutes
Exercis	se 2: Demonstration / Simulation "Special customer treatment" 60 minutes
Exercis	se 3: Case study "Woman with contracture" 30 minutes
	e 4: Test "Anatomy-cosmetology-contraindications connective tissue massage expected events" 60 minutes
Exercis	e 5: Test "Green skills to support beauty treatments" 60 minutes



Title of the activity	Observation "First appointment management"
Presentation / Description of the activity steps	This task is done in a real work environment: the employee of the wellness center will be observed and evaluated in managing the first appointment with a customer who wishes to have a consultation regarding the products and body treatments most suitable for her skin. This task is done in the mother tongue, so knowledge of the foreign language is not taken into account by the demonstration indicators. The learner is informed in advance about the activity. Instructions: the learner will have to manage the customer indicated by the observer throughout the consultancy phase.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: Beauty Center Materials needed: None
Time needed	10/20 min



Observation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation	YES	NO	PARTLY	
	points for the specific indicators	TES	NO	PANILI	
1.	S/he fills in the customer card, using the visual / tactile and thermographic techniques				
	to detect skin changes and using the question t	echnique to	fill in the part	dedicated to	
	the general anamnesis				
1.1	S/he correctly fills in the customer form				
	assuming the treatment appropriate to the				
	characteristics and wishes of the customer				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
1.2	S/he informs about the types of products that				
	will be used				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
1.3	S/he correctly informs about the duration of				
	the treatment				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
			•		
2.	S/he recommends the products and proposes t	he most suit	able treatmen	ts on the basis	
	of their cosmetological and dermatological kno	wledge			
2.1	S/he correctly proposes alternative	_			
	treatments that involve the use of different		_	_	
	products and manual skills or the use of			Ш	
	technologies				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
2.2	S/he demonstrates dermatological knowledge			_	
	related to the treated blemish		Ш		
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
		0 /	·		
2.3	S/he proves to have cosmetological			_	
	knowledge related to the imperfection treated				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
,					
3. S/he demonstrates interpersonal skills to manage the relationship with the customer					
	throughout the treatment				
3.1	S/he correctly manages the consultancy by	_	_	_	
	offering the different types of treatment and				
	z o and anner and types of theatment and				



	products to finalize the proposal / package to			
	the customer			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				



Title of the activity	Demonstration / Simulation "Special customer treatment"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	This task is carried out as a simulation of a real work situation. The learner will be observed and assessed in their ability to manage the relationship with the customer throughout the connective tissue massage agreed with the customer. The learner must demonstrate the ability to perform the treatment in the ways and times provided and his ability to prepare and rearrange the work cabin using the necessary hygiene and safety techniques. The learner will also be evaluated on the correct management of any unexpected events or complications that may arise during the body analysis. Instructions: The learner will have to carry out the anti-aging treatment provided for the special customer (person with advanced age).
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: Beauty Center or at school Materials needed: All the materials for the treatment
Time needed	1 hour



Demonstration / Simulation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY
1.	S/he demonstrates interpersonal skills to mana	ge the relati	onship with th	ne customer
	throughout the treatment			
1.1	S/he manages customer reception with ease	П	П	
	and safety			_
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
1.2	C/L			
1.2	S/he converses and entertains the customer			
	throughout the connective tissue massage			
	considering the customer's personal characteristics			
A fo	I	والنام والنام		
Areas to	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	riedge, skills a	and competen	ces:
1.3	S/he adapts to the type of customer			
1.5	respecting his/her personal characteristics and	П	П	П
	behavior			
Aroas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rladga skills s	and competen	coe:
Aleas IO	i improvements based on identined gaps in know	rieuge, skiiis d	and competen	ues.
1.4	S/he manages the customer's leave			
	adequately			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
2.	S/he prepares the cabin with all the material no	ecessary to p	erform the tre	eatment
2.1	S/he creates a welcoming environment for the		П	
	customer	Ш		
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
2.2	S/he prepares the disposable material and the			
	equipment needed to perform the connective			
	tissue massage			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
2.3	S/he chooses the right connective tissue	П	П	
	massage products			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
3.	S/he is familiar with hygiene techniques and knows how to put them into practice			



3.1	S/he recognizes and applies the appropriate sanitation techniques during the preliminary phase of the connective tissue massage or service				
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
3.2	S/he recognizes and applies adequate sanitation techniques during the connective				
Areas fo	tissue massage r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge skills a	and competen	^es·	
711 Cu3 1C	improvements based on identified gaps in know	ricage, skiiis e	and competent		
3.3	S/he recognizes and applies the appropriate sanitation techniques to the phase following the connective tissue massage or service				
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
4.	S/he carries out the treatment on schedule and	d with the co	rrect sequence	es	
4.1	S/he respects the correct sequences of the connective tissue massage				
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
4.2	S/he respects the scheduled times of the connective tissue massage				
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
5.	S/he manages the unexpected events related t reference to the complications that may arise of				
5.1	S/he manages the customer's behavior in a calm and reassuring way in the face of unexpected events				
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
5.2	S/he manages the complications that can arise during deep tissue massage in a responsible, timely and competent manner				



Title of the activity	Case study "Woman with contracture"
Presentation /	The learner receives the case study and has to provide explanations according
Description of the	to the case.
activity, steps	The case study proposed is about a woman with a contracture.
	The learner has to answer some questions.
Place, needed	Place:
materials /	At school or in a Beauty Center
equipment/ tools	Materials needed:
	The case
Time needed	30 min



Exercise - Case "Woman with contracture"

Activity description: In this case, an intern / student receives the case study and has to provide explanations according to the given instructions:

"A 50-year-old customer goes to your beauty center because she has experienced some stiffness in her back. She reports that she feels uncomfortable pain sensations when she makes some movements. The affected area is that of the proposed image."

Looking at the image provided below:



Answer the following questions:

a)	Provide useful advice by analyzing possible treatment options
b)	For each recommended treatment, explain the procedure, duration and cost



Solution

Answer the following questions (100 points):

a) Provide useful advice by analyzing possible treatment options (10 points)

Ans: you can use hot treatments that have the advantage of "dissolving" the contracture, making it easier to manipulate that will take place later.

Example:

- use of electrosauna / Panthermal
- use of relaxing muds
- once the tissue has been made more malleable, different types of massage can be used, including the connective tissue
- b) For each recommended treatment explain:
 - procedure (70 points)
 - duration (10 points)
 - cost (10 points)

Electric sauna

The electric sauna takes advantage of the action of heat and promotes sweating which acts on the elimination of accumulated toxins and at the same time relaxes the muscle making it more likely to undergo manipulation that would otherwise be too annoying. The customer is released from the affected lymphatic ganglia, a phytoessence is applied to the affected area containing decontracting / relaxing active ingredients:

Chamomile – Camphor – Cedar – Coriander – Jasmine – Lavender – Marjoram – Mandarin – Melissa – Mint – Patchouli - Scots pine – Sandalwood - Tea tree - Ylang-ylang

No manipulation is carried out, at least for the first few times, this is because the tissue to be treated is still too contracted and therefore the customer could feel pain. After a few sessions, depending on the type of contracture, a massage (pre or post) can also be combined with the electrosauna. This machine is very useful, as it works alone or in combination, obviously this changes the time of the session and the cost.

Electric sauna only, cost 25 euros x 30 minutes

Electro sauna with back mud 25+ 15 = 40 euros x 40 minutes

Electro sauna combined with massage (e.g. connective tissue) 25 + 30 = 55 euro 45 minutes

Electro sauna + back mud + massage 25 + 15 + 30 = 70 euros x 1 hour

Panthermal

The Panthermal consists in the treatment of oxygenation and detoxification of the tissues, it is a regenerating steam bath enriched with active oxygen in the nascent state.

It has a detoxifying effect obtained by stimulating the sweat glands and opening the pores causes a feeling of well-being and relaxation.

It is advisable to do the panthermal as the first aesthetic treatment to get the body accustomed to a purifying effect and opening the pores, and to ensure that the treatments that will take place afterwards will lead you to experience totally effective and intoxicating sensations.

There are many combinations, alone or in combination with mud and massage at the end of the treatment, the average duration varies from 30 minutes up to a total hour, the cost varies from 50 euros to 100 euros per session



Relaxing muds

The customer lies on his stomach, the lymphatic ganglia are released, followed by applying a phyto essences with a decontracting action and finally the chosen mud is applied and the area is covered with cartene and towel and left in place. At the end it is rinsed with warm / hot water and a cream is gently applied, always decontracting.

Mud cost 15 euros 30 minutes Electro sauna with back mud 25+ 15 = 40 euros x 40 minutes Electro sauna + back mud + massage 25 + 15 + 30 = 70 euros x 1 hour

Massage

The customer lies on his stomach, the lymphatic ganglia are released, normally to enhance the effect of the massage; synergies of essential oils and cream are used with a relaxing and decontracting effect. The cost varies, 30 minutes of massage costs 30 euros, but the cost may also depend on the type of manipulation adopted.

In addition, in this case, the combinations previously mentioned apply.



Case Study

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY	
1.	S/he recommends the products and proposes the most suitable treatments based on				
	their cosmetological and dermatological knowl	edge			
1.1	S/he correctly proposes alternative				
	treatments that involve the use of different				
	products and manual skills or the use of				
	technologies				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
1.2	S/he demonstrates dermatological knowledge				
	related to the treated blemish				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
		ı			
1.3	S/he demonstrates that they have				
	cosmetological knowledge related to the				
	imperfection treated				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					



Title of the activity	Test "Anatomy-cosmetology-contraindications connective tissue massage and unexpected events"
Presentation /	The questions present in the following test aim to evaluate the knowledge
Description of the	that the learner must demonstrate to possess regarding the body
activity, steps	treatments.
Place, needed	Place:
materials /	At school or in a Beauty Center
equipment/ tools	Materials needed:
	The test format
Time needed	1 hour



Test - Anatomy-cosmetology-contraindications connective tissue massage and unexpected events

Activity description: the questions in the following test aim to assess the knowledge that the learner must demonstrate to possess.

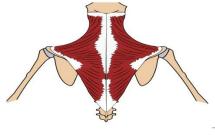
Instructions: The test consists of the following questions. The expected time is 60 minutes. Instructions:

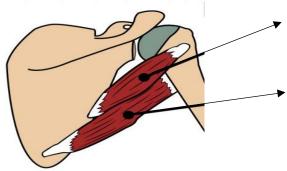
ANATOMY

1. What are the most superficial muscle groups of the back?

2. Look at the following muscle groups and indicate their name











3.	Trapezius contracture is mainly characterized by: a) b)
4.	Is muscle contracture the mildest and most frequent of muscle injuries? YES / NO
5.	Are there any breaks in muscle tissue in muscle contracture? YES / NO
6.	Can contracture affect a single muscle or a group of muscles? YES / NO
7.	What is recommended to do when we are in the presence of a trapezius contracture?
8.	How to prevent trapezius contracture?
CO	SMETOLOGY
9.	What are the essential oils to use in the bath or shower, relaxing and decontracting?
СО	NTRAINDICATIONS CONNECTIVE MASSAGE
10	. What contraindications does connective massage have?
UN	EXPECTED

11. What are the unforeseen events that can happen when carrying out a connective tissue massage?



Solution

ANATOMY

- 1. What are the most superficial muscle groups of the back? (5 points 1 point for answer)

 The back muscles of the superficial layer are: Trapezius, Great dorsal, Riser of the scapula, Great rhomboid and Small rhomboid.
- Look at the following muscle groups and indicate the name: (20 points: 5 points per answer)
 great dorsal
 trapezoid
 small round and large round
 square of the loins
- 3. Trapezius contracture is mainly characterized by: (10 points: 5 points per answer)
 - a) Localized but not highly specific pain, almost always tenuous and continuous, intensified by the movements that recruit the affected fibers
 - b) Sensation of rigidity, tension and hardness of the fibers concerned, objectively verifiable to the touch, which exacerbates the pain.
- 4. Is muscle contracture the mildest and most frequent of muscle injuries? (1 point per answer) YES / NO
- Are there any breaks in muscle tissue in muscle contracture?YES / NO
- Can contracture affect only one muscle or a group of muscles?YES / NO
- 7. What is recommended to do when we are in the presence of a trapezius contracture? (max 10 points)

In trapezius contracture it is not recommended to use cryotherapy (cold therapy, in this case in the form of compresses). Conversely, many benefit from trying to "melt" the contracture by keeping the trapezius warm, or even warming it.

Then there are specific therapies, which are generally of a manipulative type for muscle relaxation, such as connective tissue massage.

- 8. How to prevent trapezius contracture? (max 20 points)
 - In case of obesity, restore the normal weight
 - Correct posture imbalances and optimize position during work
 - In sedentary subjects, gradually start the desirable motor activity, preferably of the promiscuous type (aerobic and anaerobic) and with complex, multi-joint gestures
 - Avoid burning the stages of the training progression; respect the recovery and super compensation times





- Avoid moving cold including stretching and joint mobility or skipping the activation phase or approaching more intense movements
- Take care of sports technique, especially in the disciplines of strength, speed, explosiveness and elasticity
- Draw up a protocol to improve muscle flexibility and general joint mobility, with particular reference to the upper back, neck and trapezius
- Improve sleep, both in the position and in the choice of pillow, mattress and bed base
- Cover yourself appropriately and avoid exposure to drafts if your clothes or skin are wet

COSMETOLOGY

- 9. What are the essential oils to use in the bath or shower, relaxing and decontracting? (15 points: 1 point per answer)
 - Chamomile Camphor Cedar Coriander Jasmine Lavender Marjoram Tangerine Melissa Mint Patchouli Scots pine Sandalwood Tea tree Ylang-ylang

CONTRAINDICATIONS CONNECTIVE MASSAGE

10. What contraindications does connective massage have? (max 10 points)

It can be painful both during and after the session. It is not practiced if one of these elements is present:

- On injured skin;
- In the presence of skin infections and / or inflammations;
- In the presence of hematomas;
- In case of recent fractures;
- In people with a tendency to blood clots;
- In patients with cancer, immediately after receiving anticancer chemotherapy or radiotherapy;
- In correspondence of abdominal hernias.
- Customers suffering from cardiovascular diseases and pregnant women should consult their doctor before receiving a connective tissue massage.

UNEXPECTED

11. What are the unforeseen events that can happen when carrying out a connective tissue massage? (max 7 points)

The only unexpected is the sensation of pain that the customer may experience during the massage; in this case, if the pain is too strong, the manuality is interrupted or we loosen the various grips.



Test

Demonstration indicator	Areas of improvement – comments from the assessor
76-100% of questions are answered correctly.	43353301
60-75% percent of questions are	
answered correctly. 26-59% of questions are	
answered correctly. 1-25% of questions are answered	
correctly.	
All questions are answered incorrectly.	



Test "Green skills to support beauty treatments"
The questions present in the following test aim to evaluate the knowledge
that the learner must demonstrate to possess regarding green skills to
support the body treatments.
Place:
At school or in a Beauty Center
Materials needed:
The test format
1 hour
t F



Test - "Green skills to support beauty treatments"

Activity description: the questions in the following test aim to evaluate the knowledge that the learner must demonstrate to possess regarding green knowledge and skills in the aesthetic sector (natural / organic cosmetics, European regulations for green products, uses and advantages of green products, etc.).

Instructions: The test consists of the following questions. The questions are in ascending order of difficulty. The expected time is 60 minutes.

1.	What is the European specification for an organic cosmetic and what does it describe? (correct answer: 6 points)
2.	What are the differences between an organic and a natural cosmetic? (correct answer: 3 points)
3.	What are the SI preservatives in an organic cosmetic? (correct answer: 3 points)
4.	What does skin-friendly mean? (correct answer: 3 points)
5.	Why should we use organic cosmetics? (correct answer: 3 points)
6.	What is a Disciplinary? (correct answer: 2 points)
7.	What are the categories of raw materials NOT allowed in organic cosmetics? (1 point for each correct answer) a b c d e f g



8. What are the typical characteristics of organic cosmetics? (correct answer: 6 points)
9. What are the advantages of using an organic cosmetic? (correct answer: 3 points)
10. What is the European Directive governing organic cosmetics? (correct answer: 2 points)
11. Which raw materials are allowed in organic cosmetics? (1 point for each correct answer) a b c d
12. What ingredients can I replace petrolatum with? (correct answer: 3 points)
13. What are the NO preservatives in an organic cosmetic? (correct answer: 3 points)
 14. Indicate if the following statements are TRUE (V) or FALSE (F) (2 points for each correct answer A. V F Paraffinum Liquidum is allowed B. V F Butirrum Sparkii is allowed
C. V F Cold pressed almond oil is NOT allowed
D. ○ V ○ F Methylparaben is allowedE. ○ V ○ F BHT is NOT allowed
F. V F Perlastan SC is allowed
G. V F Polysorbate 20 is NOT allowed
H. OVOF Niacinamide is NOT allowed
I. OVOF Limonene is allowed
J. V F Coconut derivatives are allowed
15. What does Eco-friendly mean? (correct answer: 3 points)



16. What is meant by organic cosmetics? (correct answer: 5 points)
17. What are the 3 categories that Natrue classifies? (2 points for each correct answer) 1 2 3
18. Why can't petroleum derivatives be used in an organic cosmetic? (correct answer: 4 points)
19. Indicate if the following statements are TRUE (V) or FALSE (F) (15 points = the first five answer are worth 1 point, the last five are worth 2 points each)
K. OVOF NATRUE is an organic certification mark
L. OVOF AIAB is the French organic certification
M. OV F ECOCERT is the French certification
N. V F Organic cosmetics do NOT have perfumesO. V F Organic cosmetics have dyes
P. OV F The organic cosmetic is characterized by a brand on the container
Q. OV F Cosmos Standard provides for only one level of certification
R. \bigcirc V \bigcirc F In organic cosmetics, the production process is also organic
S. OVOF Cosmetic packaging is totally recyclable
 T. ○ V ○ F The ingredients are ONLY of biological origin



Solution

1. What is the European specification for an organic cosmetic and what does it describe? (correct answer: 6 points)

It is a certification system. It describes the production rules of an organic cosmetic, the characteristics of organic ingredients, even their cultivation and extraction; which ingredients are allowed; characteristics of the containers and their packaging.

2. What are the differences between an organic and a natural cosmetic? (correct answer: 3 points) In organic cosmetics, the ingredients are produced and derived from organic farming. The cosmetic production process respects the rules of organic farming. The containers are made of totally recyclable material. On the container there must be a mark certifying that the cosmetic is organic.

The natural cosmetic must have only a percentage of ingredients of natural origin, it does not have to respect all the rules of organic cosmetics.

- 3. What are the SI preservatives in an organic cosmetic? (correct answer: 3 points)
 - Ascorbic acid
 - Essential oils with antimicrobial activity
 - Glycerin that retains water from the cosmetic
 - Derivatives of amino acids
- 4. What does skin-friendly mean? (correct answer: 3 points)

Maximum tolerability, allergen-free, towards the skin.

5. Why should we use organic cosmetics? (correct answer: 3 points)

Because they totally respect our skin, making it healthy and because they respect the environment.

6. What is a Disciplinary? (correct answer: 2 points)

It is a certification system, in which all the rules and rules for producing and selling an organic cosmetic are written. It allows the company to obtain certification and have a brand that certifies that the cosmetic is organic.

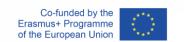
- 7. What are the categories of raw materials NOT allowed in organic cosmetics? (1 point for each correct answer)
 - a. PEG derivatives
 - b. Aggressive surfactants
 - c. Derivatives that involve killing and testing on animals
 - d. Silicones
 - e. Synthetic dyes
 - f. Synthetic perfumes
 - g. Parabens



- 8. What are the typical characteristics of organic cosmetics? (correct answer: 6 points)
 - It does not contain GMO products
 - The presence of chemical substances used as preservatives is prohibited or regulated
 - Raw materials derived from petrochemicals or completely synthesized are prohibited
- 9. What are the advantages of using an organic cosmetic? (correct answer: 3 points) Maximum tolerability and respect for the health of the environment and our skin.
- 10. What is the European Directive governing organic cosmetics? (correct answer: 2 points) CE 76/768 and subsequent amendments.
- 11. Which raw materials are allowed in organic cosmetics? (1 point for each correct answer)
 - a. Vegetables of biological origin
 - b. Animals of biological origin
 - c. Allowed minerals
 - d. Synthetics allowed
- 12. What ingredients can I replace petrolatum with? (correct answer: 3 points)
 Organic vegetable oils, butters and waxes
- 13. What are the NO preservatives in an organic cosmetic? (correct answer: 3 points) Parabens, triclosan, formaldehyde removers, BHT, BHA.
- 14. Indicate if the following statements are TRUE (V) or FALSE (F) (2 points for each correct answer) A (F), B (V), C (F), D (F), E (V), F (V), G (V), H (F), I (V), J (V).
- 15. What does Eco-friendly mean? (correct answer: 3 points)

 It means that the ingredients are non-polluting and respect the environment, even the containers and production processes respect the environment, where it is possible to use recycled energy.
- 16. What is meant by organic cosmetics? (correct answer: 5 points)

 Using cosmetics of biological origin, also using materials that come and derive from recycled materials. The shop must also respect the environment and use zero energy impact machinery.
- 17. What are the 3 categories that Natrue classifies? (2 points for each correct answer)
 - 1. Raw materials used to formulate the cosmetic
 - 2. Finished cosmetic
 - 3. Cosmetic production process
- 18. Why can't petroleum derivatives be used in an organic cosmetic? (correct answer: 4 points)
 - They are not biodegradable
 - They are not skin-related





- Occlusive and insulating
- Comedogenic
- They may have carcinogenic residues
- 19. Indicate if the following statements are TRUE (V) or FALSE (F) (15 points = the first five answers are worth 1 point, the last five are worth 2 points each)

K (V), L (F), M (V), N (F9, O (F), P (V), Q (F), R (V), S (V), T (F)



Test

Demonstration indicator		Areas of improvement – comments from the assessor
76-100% of questions are answered correctly.		
60-75% percent of questions are answered correctly.	Х	
26-59% of questions are answered correctly.		
1-25% of questions are answered correctly.		
All questions are answered incorrectly.		



BODY TREATMENTS: HYDROTHERAPY, ANTI-CELLULITE TREATMENTS, AROMATHERAPY, LIGHT THERAPY, SAUNA AND BATHS [CARE AND BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENT]







2.3		'DROTHERAPY, ANTI-CELL T THERAPY, SAUNA AND B TMENT]	
Learning outcomes correspond to EQF			EQF 4
Learning outcome: S/he is able to carry out body treatments in compliance with hygiene regulations, choosing products and taking into account customer needs and wishes.			Demonstration indicators
Knowledge	Skills	Responsibility and autonomy	11111111111
S/he is able to	S/he is able to	S/he demonstrates proven ability to	Based on real work situations
 List technical terms on body treatment processes. Define procedures and methods for preparation of products functional to the performance of body treatments. Remember Types of body care treatments, incl. hydrothermal treatments, anticellulite, firming, regenerating and aromatherapy, etc. Remember main types of aesthetic treatments (purifying, dermo cosmetic, toning, relaxing, lymphdraining). Describe various cosmetic products and their purpose. Classify types of preparations, 	 Apply procedures and methods for preparation of products functional to the performance of body treatments. Follow standardized procedures for the provision of body treatments. Use parameters to ensure the quality of body treatment and guarantee customer satisfaction. Apply various types of body care treatments, e.g., anti-cellulite treatments, firming, regenerating, aromatherapy, and light therapy. 	 Perform a body treatment (e.g., scrubs, masks, hot and cold compresses, bandages, mud and clays, poultices) considering indications and contraindications and the purpose set. Personalize service proposals, combining the customer's demands with the completion of a previous aesthetic diagnosis, or following the indications of the physician. Inform the customer on the results of the aesthetic diagnosis and advise on the most suitable treatment. 	 S/he keeps up with the daily schedule. S/he manages good customer relationships (reception, during treatment, leave) and fills in the customer information electronic card. S/he poses the needed questions and tools to analyze and identify aesthetic needs of the customer. S/he creates a personalized treatment program based on the customer's needs. S/he prepares the necessary equipment for the intended treatment, maintaining this equipment and facilities in good, hygienic condition. S/he applies the intended treatment.
apparatus, tools,		Provide advice on	S/he handles



and accessories used in body treatments. Distinguish types of treatments for various types of customers, incl. pregnant women, seniors, cancer patients, people with intolerances, etc.		how to proceed after body beauty treatment at home. Organize, distribute, and supervise work optimizing facilities and resources to guarantee quality in the provision of body treatments.	unexpected events (some cosmetic reaction, customer complaints about something, etc.). • S/he advises the customer on healthy lifestyle habits to keep the effects of treatments.
Assessment tools	ObservationDemonstrationCase studyTest		



2.3 Body Treatments: Hydrotherapy, Anti-Cellulite Treatments, Aromatherapy, Light Therapy, Sauna and Baths [Care and Beauty Related Treatment]

Sauna and Baths [Care and Beauty Related Treatment]
List of activities
Exercise 1: Observation "Create your own work schedule"
Exercise 2: Observation "Customer service and creation of a digital customer information file"
Exercise 3: Observation "Customer engagement through environmental care"
Exercise 4: Demonstration "Performing a cellulite treatment"
Exercise 5: Case study "Aesthetic treatment for body flaccidity"
Exercise 6: Case study / work assignment "Recommendations on healthy habits"
Exercise 7: Test "Health and safety"



Title of the activity	Exercise 1: Observation "Create your own work schedule"
Presentation /	This task is carried out in a real work environment. The trainer will assess
Description of the	the preparation of an electronic appointment control schedule for
activity steps	customers, considering that several technicians can work at the same time
	in different booths. The learner will demonstrate ICT skills while
	contributing to green skills, reducing paper use, and promoting digital tools.
	This task is carried out in the mother tongue, so the demonstrative
	indicators do not consider knowledge of the foreign language.
Place, needed	Place:
materials /	In the workplace
equipment/ tools	Materials needed:
	PC / tablet
Time needed	2 hours



Observation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY			
1.	Demonstration indicator: S/he keeps up with the daily schedule.						
1.1	She / he elaborates a schedule to control appointments with customers, considering that several technicians can work and in different booths at the same time.						
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:							
1.2	She / he uses the computer program (Google Calendar or similar program) skilfully to generate the document and enter customer appointments referencing the service, the schedule, the technician, and the booth, considering the time involved in the service.						
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:							



Title of the activity	Exercise 2: Observation "Customer service and creation of a digital customer information file"				
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	This task is carried out as a simulation of the real work situation. The trainer will assess the abilities of the learner to communicate clearly with a customer that requires a body treatment. The learner will also create a digital customer information file to collect information in different phases of customer service, such as personal data, customer's body evaluation and the service quality survey. The customer will receive the survey quality control by email.				
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In the workplace Materials needed: Template of customer information file. Document: Customer support Pc/ tablet Any written trace of the chosen role play				
Time needed	2 hours and 30 min				



Observation

Nr	points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY			
2.	Demonstration indicator: S/he manages good customer relationships (reception,						
	during treatment, leave) and fills in the customer information electronic card.						
2.1	S/he easily accesses the forms program, customizes, and configures the form.						
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:							
2.2	S/he communicates and understands clearly						
	with the customer, given suitable information						
	during the whole customer service.						
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:							
2.3	S/he fills in the customer information card						
	directly on the computer or on the printed						
	template.						
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:							
2.4	S/he asks a minimum of 10 significant questions about the quality of the service.						
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:							
2.5	S/he sends the form satisfaction survey via						
	email to the customer and reviews the results						
	of the responses.						
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:							



Title of the activity	Exercise 3: Observation "Customer engagement through environmental care"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	This task is done in a real work environment. The trainer will assess the ability of the learner to create an activity for the customers of the wellness center to promote engagement with the center and to raise awareness on environmental issues at the same time. The trainer also will evaluate the learner abilities in communication, green skills, and ICT skills. Instructions: The learner will create a promotion to advertise and publish the beauty center and the environmental care. The learner will organize a workshop with customers where they will use cosmetics packaging and containers to create different staff. During the activity, customers will be informed about the principle of "The three R's": reduce, reuse, and recycle. The learner must create a flyer to send by email to the customer informing and inviting them to the "The three R's" workshop. The learner must schedule the activity and the customers that will assist and create the talk that is going to give during the activity about "The three R's". This task is done in the mother tongue, so knowledge of the foreign language is not considered by the demonstration indicators.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In the workplace Materials needed: PC or tablet Materials to be reused (According to the needs of the activity to be developed)
Time needed	2 hours and 30 min



Observation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators		NO	PARTLY
1.	Demonstration indicator: S/he keeps up with the daily schedule.			
1.1	S/he elaborates a schedule to control	П	П	П
	appointments with customers.	_	_	_
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills,	and competen	ces:
1.2	S/he uses the computer program (Google			
	Calendar or similar program) skilfully to	П	П	
	generate the document and enter customer			
	appointments.			
	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:			
2.	Demonstration indicator: S/he manages good customer relationships (reception,			
	during treatment, leave) and fills in the custom	er information	on electronic c	ard.
2.1	S/he communicates and understands clearly			
	with the customer, given suitable information			
	during the whole customer service.			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:				
2.2	S/he sends the customer satisfaction survey			
	via email and reviews the results of the			
	responses.			
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:			



Title of the activity	Exercise 4: Demonstration "Performing a cellulite treatment"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	This task is carried out as a simulation of the real working situation. The trainer will assess the ability of the learner to manage the relationship with the customer throughout the treatment required, the ability to prepare the working area using the necessary hygiene and safety techniques before, during and after the treatment. The trainer also will evaluate the ability of the learner to carry out the treatment and the management of any unforeseen events or complications that may arise during the treatment. This task is done in the mother tongue, so knowledge of the foreign language is not considered by the demonstration indicators. Instructions: The learner will have to carry out a soft cellulite treatment for a 40 years old woman.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In the workplace Materials needed: Template of customer information file. Pc/ tablet Disposable material, sponges, bowl, applicator Cosmetics and products necessary for the treatment Aesthetic electrical devices: vacuum, radiofrequency therapy, and pressotherapy equipment. Any equipment for the prevention of infectious diseases based on current legislation
Time needed	1 hour and 30 min



Demonstration / Simulation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators YES NO PA		PARTLY	
3.	Demonstration indicator: S/he poses the needed questions and tools to analyse and			
	identify aesthetic needs of the customer.			
3.1	S/he asks short questions with a professional			
	and friendly attitude and a soft tone of voice,			
	paying special attention to the customer's			
	needs and desires.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
3.2	S/he prepares the tools to realize body measurements.			
	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills,	and competen	ces:
3.3	S/he completes the diagnostic sheet.			
	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	-	·	
4.	S/he creates a personalized treatment program	n based on cu	istomer's need	ds.
4.1	S/he explains to the customer the assessment of the study of the skin and correctly proposes alternative treatments that involve the use of different products and manual skills or the use of technologies.			
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:			
4.2	S/he presents a treatment proposal that includes the number of sessions and the final price.			
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:			
4.3	S/he demonstrates dermatological knowledge related to the cellulite.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
4.4.	She / he proves to have cosmetological knowledge related to the cellulite treatment.			
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills, and competences:			



5.	Demonstration indicator: S/he prepares the necessary equipment for the intended			
	treatment, maintaining this equipment and facilities in good, hygienic condition.			
5.1	S/he prepares the work area before the reception of the customer and ensures that the space is ventilated, in perfect order and clean, and has the right temperature and light. S/he prepares disposable lingerie and the protection elements for the customer and the technician.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
5.2	S/he selects and prepares the electro- aesthetic devices that are going to be used during the treatment, placing them near the work area, in a perfect state of cleaning and disinfection.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
5.3	S/he indicates to the customer where to change and deposit the clothes, provides disposable lingerie and protects hair with a disposable cap.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:
5.4.	S/he selects and prepares the tools and materials and cosmetics necessary for the treatment and organises them in an orderly manner and in a perfect state of cleaning and disinfection.			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
5.5.	S/he keeps the work area in perfect order and cleanliness throughout the treatment process and at the end, leaves it ready for the next service.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:
5.6	S/he prepares the containers to recycle the generated waste.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:



6.	Demonstration indicator: S/he applies the inte	nded treatm	ent.	
6.1	S/he selects and applies the cleaning and skin preparation products according to the established protocol.			
Areas f	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
6.2	S/he applies the treatment in the order in which the protocol must be performed and with the indicated duration (90min).			
Areas f	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
6.3	S/he applies the electros aesthetic devices correctly and at the time of the determined protocol as well as the selected cosmetics.			
Areas f	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
6.4.	S/he performs the anti-cellulite massage applying the manoeuvres in sequence, within the treatment process.			
Areas f	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
7.	Demonstration indicator: S/he handles unexpecustomer complaints about something, etc.)	cted events	some cosmet	ic reaction,
7.1	S/he manages the customer's behaviour in a calm and reassuring way in the face of unexpected events.			
Areas f	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
7.2	S/he manages the complications that may arise during treatment in a responsible, timely and competent manner.			
Areas f	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:



Title of the activity	Exercise 5: Case study "Aesthetic treatment for body flaccidity"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	This task is carried out as a simulation of the real working situation. In this case, the learner will receive the case study and will give explanations according to the instructions provided. Case Study: A 45 years old woman who has had three kids and her last pregnancy was two years ago, made an appointment to require aesthetic treatment for abdominal and leg flaccidity. She has some spider nevi on her legs but does yoga twice a week. Instructions: Answer the following questions: a) Provide helpful advice by analyzing possible treatment options. b) For each recommended treatment, explain the procedure, duration and cost.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In the workplace Materials needed: Pc/ tablet
Time needed	1 hour



Case Study

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY
4.	Demonstration indicator: S/he creates a personalized treatment program based on customer's needs.			based on
4.1	S/he explains the assessment of the study of the skin and correctly proposes alternative treatments that involve the use of different products and manual skills or the use of technologies.			
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:			
4.2	S/he presents a treatment proposal that includes the number of sessions and the final price.			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
4.3 S/he demonstrates dermatological knowledge related to the cellulite.				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
4.4	She / he proves to have cosmetological knowledge related to the cellulite treatment.			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				



Title of the activity	Exercise 6: Work assignment "Recommendations on healthy habits"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	This task is carried out in a real work environment. The trainer will assess the knowledge of the learner about healthy lifestyle habits and her/his ability to advise customers to keep the effects of treatments. Description of the activity: The learner must create a card or flyer on the computer with the recommendations about healthy lifestyle for the customer, considering the aesthetic treatment that has been received. The customer will get this customized information by email.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In the workplace Materials needed: Pc/ tablet
Time needed	1 hour



Exercise

Recommendations for home and healthy habits

Should be avoided

- Stress and sedentary life.
- Constipation. Contraceptives.
- Tight garments.
- Excessive heat.
- Sitting for many hours standing up or crossing your legs as it hinders circulation.

It's advisable

- Practice sports regularly, preferably aerobic exercises.
- Perform relaxation techniques.
- Practice sports regularly. Aerobic exercises such as swimming, skating, running, cycling, etc. accelerate metabolism, improve muscle tone and activate blood circulation. Perform relaxation techniques.
- Regularly exfoliate and moisturize / nourish the areas affected by cellulite to promote the penetration of treatment cosmetics.
- Regularly apply an anti-cellulite product, massaging with circular movements in an upward direction, from the ankle towards the waist.
- Follow a diet rich in fiber, vegetables, salads, fruits which reduces the absorption of lipids and prevents constipation.
- Eat foods rich in iodine, to regulate metabolism: seaweed, garlic, grouper, chard, green beans ...
- Consume cleansing foods: celery, asparagus, onion, pineapple, etc.
- For the daily protein intake, choose proteins of vegetable origin preferably.
- Chew food well.



Work assignment

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY
8.	Demonstration indicator: S/he creates a persor	nalized treatr	ment program	based on
	customer's needs.			
8.1	S/he generates a document for cosmetic and	П		П
	healthy life recommendations.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
8.2	S/he introduces in the specific section of the			
	document, the information regarding			
	cosmetics, indications and healthy lifestyle			
	habits that are specific for the aesthetic			
	treatment.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
8.3	S/he sends the document information by	П	П	П
	email to the customer.			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				



Title of the activity	Exercise 7: Test "Health and safety."
Presentation /	The purpose of this task is to collect the information that the learner has on
Description of the	the most relevant aspects in terms of safety and hygiene.
activity, steps	Instructions: This exercise takes the form of a written test. The expected
	time is 20 minutes. The learner must answer (oral / written) questions.
Place, needed	Place:
materials /	In the workplace
equipment/ tools	Materials needed:
	PC / tablet
Time needed	20 min.



Test

Instructions: This exercise takes the form of a written test. The expected time is 20 minutes. The learner must answer (oral / written) to the following questions:

- 1. What are the protection measures that both the technician and the customer must carry out?
- 2. What should be done when faced with an unexpected irritation reaction to a cosmetic?
- 3. What safety and hygiene measures should be adopted in the use of electrical appliances in aesthetic processes?



Test solution

Health and safety measures

Professional protection.

- Uniform
- Gloves
- Disposable materials
- Any injury protection with dressings

Customer protection measures

- Useful materials and disposable materials
- Disinfection and sterilization of tools
- Type of cosmetics and possible reactions or intolerance
- Disposable gown, thong, boxer, and cover with a towel for the cold

Prevention of accidents and adverse reactions.

How we should act before irritative reactions to apply cosmetics: (6 points)

- Wash with plenty of cold water, never hot or apply oils, pastes or disinfectants.
- Immediately remove the cosmetic responsible for the reaction.
- Rinse with water and dry with a sterile dressing.
- Do not apply creams or medications on the injury.
- Do not continue the work with another cosmetic.
- Refer to the doctor.

Safety and hygiene in the use of electrical appliances:

- Check the voltage, monitor the condition of the cables, do not connect too many devices in the same socket.
- Do not handle with wet hands,
- Do not disconnect the appliance by pulling the cable, follow the manufacturer's cleaning and maintenance instructions.
- In the event of a fault, call the technical service and do not manipulate the appliance.
- Use a cloth moistened with a neutral detergent or non-aggressive cleaning solution, taking care not to get your electrical system wet.
- In the event of an accident involving an electrical appliance, the power must be cut off. Separate the person from the conductive medium of electricity, cable, plug, or appliance.
- Never attempt to separate the victim without disconnecting the power.
- Then the first aid procedure will be followed.



Test assessment template

Demonstration indicator		Areas of improvement – comments from the
S/he advises the customer on		assessor
healthy lifestyle habits to keep		
the effects of treatments.		
76-100% of questions are		
answered correctly.		
60-75% percent of questions are	Threshold	
answered correctly.		
26-59% of questions are		
answered correctly.		
1-25% of questions are answered		
correctly.		
All questions are answered		
incorrectly.		

Instructions: All questions correctly answered are scored with a maximum of 100 points.

Question 1: Correct question 30 points; Only two correct answers 5 points, four correct answers 15 points. Less than two correct answers do not score.

Question 2: Correct question 35 points; only three correct answers 17 points; only two correct answers 8 points. Less than two correct answers do not score.

Question 3: Correct question 35 points; only four correct answers 17 points; only two correct answers 8 points. Less than two correct answers do not score.



HAIR REMOVING [BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENT]





2.4 HAIR REMOVING [BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENT]			
Learning outcomes cor	EQF 4		
Learning outcome: S/h choosing appropriate t customer comfort, nee Knowledge	Demonstration indicators		
S/he is able to	S/he is able to	S/he demonstrates proven ability to	Based on real work situations
 Recognize hair structure and growth phases List various techniques for removing body hair (temporary and permanent), incl. indications and contraindications Name methods of use of manual and electro-medical tools for the removing body hair Classify the type, composition and method of application of cosmetic products functional to hair removing List products (oils/body lotions/creams) that relieve irritation after epilation Distinguish types of treatments for various types of clients, incl. 	 Apply standard techniques for removing body hair – temporary and permanent (e.g. waxing, sugaring, laser) Apply cosmetic products functional to the specific hair removing technique Use manual and electro-medical tools for removing body hair 	 On the basis of the customer's indications, perform the requested service with different techniques and equipment, observing the hygiene rules and execution times and reducing the customer's discomfort S/he can give homecare advice for preventing ingrown hair and/or rashes after hair removing 	 S/he knows the hair structure and growth phases. S/he can fill in the customer card with professional and understandable manner, also in a foreign language S/he manage the relationship with the customer (reception, during treatment, leave) S/he prepares the necessary equipment for the intended treatment S/he makes various hair removing techniques (waxing/sugaring/la ser/pulsed light) S/he uses pre and post hair removing products and recommend follow-up treatment. S/he takes care of ingrown hairs after the hair removing. S/he behaves in a hygienically appropriate way



pregnant women, seniors, cancer patients, people with intolerances, etc.			•	S/he carries out the activity on schedule and with the correct sequence of procedures S/he handles unexpected events (wax runs out, customer complains about something, etc.)
			•	S/he gives home care advice correctly and recommend home care products to the customer
Assessment tools	ObservationDemonstrationEvidence extractTest	ted from work / case stud	у	



2.4 Hair removing [Beauty Related Treatment]
List of activities
Exercise 1: Observation "Relationship with the Hair Removing Customer"
Exercise 2: Demonstration / Simulation "Hair removing treatment with client by using waxing/sugaring products"
Exercise 3: Evidence extracted from work / case study "Hair Removing Products and Follow-up Treatment"
Exercise 4: Test "Hair Removing"



Title of the activity	Exercise 1: Observation "Relationship with the Hair Removing Customer"
Presentation / Description of the activity steps	Activity description: Learners will have a phone conversation with another learner or a real hair removing customer. The learner answers a phone call from a hair removing customer and guides the customer through a hair removing treatment and also gives instructions for home care. This phone conversation can be done at the real salon or at the salon of the school with older learners. The work life instructor or trainer observes the phone conversation.
	 In the phone conversation learners should take in to consideration: Answering the phone (e.g. greeting with a pleasant voice and friendly attitude, conversation and confirmation of the treatment time) Instructions for the treatment time (e.g. which area will be treated and what hair removing method is used, what hair removing products, tools and equipments and possible skin reactions or allergies) Home care instructions (e.g. post-treatment products and especially ingrown hairs)
	Learners can record the phone conversation if the customer allows it.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	 Place: In the salon of the school / work place (Learners will observe a real customer hair removing appointment) Materials needed: A phone, appointment book or app
Time needed	6 hours



Observation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY	
1.	S/he manages the relationship with the customer (answeting the phone, instructions fort he treatment time, home care instructions)				
1.1	S/he takes into consideration the relationship with the customer, especially answering the phone				
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:	
1.2	S/he takes to consideration the relationship with the customer, especially giving instructions for the treatment time				
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
1.3	S/he takes to consideration the relationship with the customer, especially home care instructions				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
2.	S/he prepares the necessary equipment for the	intended tre	eatment		
2.1	S/he guides the customer through a hair removing treatment (which area will be treated and what hair removing method is used, what hair removing products, tools and equipments and possible skin reactions or allergies)				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					



Title of the activity	Exercise 2: Demonstration "Hair Removing Treatment with Customer by Using Waxing/Sugaring Products"				
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	Activity description: This task is done in a real working situation and with a real customer at the salon of the school or at the real beauty salon.				
	Learner of the beauty salon will be observed and evaluated in the ability to manage the relationship with the customer throughout the hair removing (waxing or sugaring). She / he also fills in the hair removing customer card in a professional and understandable manner (if necessary, in a foreign language), while taking into consideration the rules of hygiene and safety techniques. The learner will also be assessed on the correct management of any unforeseen events (for example, allergic reactions) or complications that may arise during the hair removing.				
	Hair removing customer card: Learner will do the hair removing card to the real customer in English.				
	Hair removing treatment by using waxing or sugaring technique during "business hours"				
	Step 1: Client reception (5 minutes)				
	Step 2: Customer preparation (15 minutes)				
	Step 3: Work on the client/other learner (30 minutes				
	Step 4: Customer advice and leave (10 minutes)				
Place, needed	Place:				
materials / equipment/ tools	 In the salon of the school / work place Materials needed: 				
equipment/ tools	 Products: any hair removing waxing or sugaring products, 				
	disinfectant				
	Tools: spatulas and papers				
	Equipment: the hair removing customer card				
Time needed	2 hours				



Demonstration / Simulation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation	YES	NO	PARTLY
	points for the specific indicators	<u> </u>		
1.	S/he can fill in the customer card with professional and understandable manner, also in			
	a foreign language	Г		I
1.1	S/he correctly fills in hair removing customer		П	П
	card		_	_
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
		I		T
1.2	S/he behaves professional and			
	understandable manner, also in a foreign			
	language			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
2.	S/he makes various hair removing techniques (
	S/he handles unexpected events (wax runs out	, customer co	omplains abou	ıt something,
	etc.)			
2.1	S/he uses waxing or sugaring for hair			
	removing			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
2.2	S/he handles unexpected events			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
3.	S/he behaves in a hygienically appropriate			
	way			
3.1.	S/he takes in to consideration the rules of			
	hygiene and safety techniques			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
4.	S/he carries out the activity on schedule and			
	with the correct sequence of procedures			
4.1.	S/he does the treatment during "business			
	hours" according to the steps of the treatment			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
5.	S/he She / he gives home care advice			
	correctly and recommend home care			
	products to the customer	_	_	_
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>



5.1.	S/he gives advice the hair removing home care individually and correctly to the customer			
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
5.2	S/he recommends the hair removing home			
	care products individually and correctly to the			
	customer			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				



Title of the activity	Exercise 3: Evidence extracted from work / case study "Hair Removing
	Products and Follow-up Treatment"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	Activity description: Learner will do a short presentation about hair removing products and follow-up treatment what are used at the on the work-based learning place or school salon: Before the treatment During the hair removing After the hair removing
	 Paying special attention to the recommendations on how to avoid ingrown hair at home after the hair removing treatment eco-friendliness in hair removing products and follow-up treatment
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In the school Materials needed: Computers and internet connection, computer classroom Hair removing and follow-up treatment products
Time needed	3 hours



Case Study

Nr	points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY
1.	S/he uses pre and post hair removing products and recommends follow-up treatment.			
1.1	S/he presents and describes the use of hair removing pre-treatment products			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:
1.2	S/he presents and describes the use of hair removing waxing or sugaring products during the treatment			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
1.3	S/he presents and describes the use of hair removing post-treatment products			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
1.4	S/he gives recommendations for hair removing products and follow-up treatment in the presentation consider eco-friendliness			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
2.	S/he takes care of ingrown hairs after the hair	removing.		
2.1	S/he correctly gives advice how to avoid ingrown hair at home after the hair removing treatment			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				



Title of the activity	Exercise 4: Test "Hair Removing"
Presentation /	Activity description: The learner's knowledge on the hair removing will be
Description of the	tested with a traditional paper test.
activity, steps	
Place, needed	Place:
materials /	In the school
equipment/ tools	Materials needed:
	Test (paper) and pen
Time needed	1 hour



Solution

Example phone conversation:

- Answering the phone. Greeting with a pleasant voice and friendly attitude. Conversation and confirmation of the treatment time.
 - Learner: Salon xx, learner xx speaking, how can I help you?
 - Customer: My name is xx, I would like to book a treatment time for the hair removing.
 - Learner: Okay, I can tell you more about hair removing possibilities. And we have opening on the xx-day xx-time.
- Instructions for the treatment time. Which area will be treated and what hair removing method is used?
 - Learner: Which area on the body would be treated with the hair removing treatment? Have you had any waxing, sugaring, laser or pulsed light treatment?
 - Customer: I would like to treat my legs with waxing on xx-day and xx-time.
- What hair removing products, tools and equipment suits for the customer.
 - Learner: Great! The waxes can be ready-to-use cold waxes, heated warm or hot waxes. I recommend hot waxing professionally because it's safer and less painful to do by a beauty therapist. We can make sure the end result is smoother.
 - Customer: Okay, I would like to book a treatment time for hot waxing.
- Possible skin reactions or allergies
 - Learner: By the way do you have any cosmetic allergies, or do you take any medication for acne? Waxing is not recommended if you use Retin-A or isotretinoin for acne.
 - Customer: Okay. No, I don't have allergies or acne.
- Home care instructions. Post-treatment products and ingrown hairs.
 - Learner: After the treatment we are applying a rejuvenating serum or lotion. This
 will help soothe irritation, infection and prevent ingrown hairs. We also recommend
 that you should avoid vigorous exercise and hot shower or sauna on the treatment
 day. Thank you for calling and Wellcome on xx-day and xx-time.
 - Customer: Yes, thank you very much. Good bye.
 - Learner: Good bye.



Test

The test consists of the following questions. The expected time is 1 hour.

1. Explain the structure of a hair follicle?	
	/4 points
2. Explain the hair growth phases	
	/6 points
3. Draw the hair growth cycle	
	/4 points
4. Write a summary about waxing and sugaring.	
Waxing:	
	/5 points
Sugaring:	
	/5 points
Total:	/24 points



Test Solution

The test consists of the following questions.

1. Explain the structure of a hair follicle?

It's a stocking-like structure that contains cells and connective tissue. The papilla exists at the base of the hair follicle. It contains tiny blood vessels (capillaries) that nourish the cells. The follicle also contains the germinal matrix, which is where cells produce new hairs. The bulb is the stocking-like structure that surrounds the papilla and germinal matrix.

/4 right gives 4 points

2. Explain the hair growth phases

THE ANAGEN PHASE:

active growth phase, 2 to 8 years

(2 points)

THE CATAGEN PHASE:

- transition/regression phase, 2 8 weeks,
- Dermal Pailla begins to separate from follicle

(2 points)

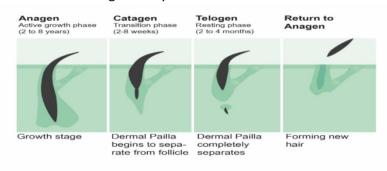
THE TELOGEN PHASE:

- resting phase, 2 to 4 months,
- Dermal Pailla completely separates

(2 points)

/total 6 points

3. Draw the hair growth cycle



/4 phases give 4 points

4. Write a summary about waxing and sugaring.

Waxing:

- Waxing can be done at home or at a professional salon.
- The waxes can be ready-to-use cold waxes, heated warm or hot waxes
 - if the wax is too hot it can burn the skin!
- Different types of natural waxes function as the wax substance
 - e.g. resin, honey, beeswax.
- The waxing mixture is applied in the same direction as hair growth and then removed in the opposite direction of hair growth.



- It can be a messy and painful method for hair removing, and it can also leave behind some hairs as the wax can break off the hair.
- Skin irritation, infection and ingrown hair can happen.
 - That is why careful pre- and post-care are important
- **NOTICE!** Waxing is not a recommended method if you use medication for acne (Retin-A or isotretinoin) since the wax can pull your skin off.

/5 right gives 5 points

Sugaring:

- Can be used on all parts of the body. Has been used for thousands of years. It was used in ancient Egypt and the modern sugaring method originates from Canada.
- Like waxing, sugaring removes body hair from the root, but with sugaring the sugar mixture is applied against the direction of hair growth and removed in the same direction the hair grows with quick, small yanks.
 - By pulling the direction the hair grows, it is possible to avoid hair breakage.
- The sugaring paste doesn't adhere to the skin like wax, which means that it removes the hair and causes less skin irritation
 - After sugaring very sensitive skin might experience temporary redness, irritation, itching and bumps or rashes.
 - The treatment also becomes easier for the customer after each appointment.
- Removing hair with sugar paste also exfoliates the skin.
- Sugaring may cause hair to grow back softer and thinner through continued upkeep.
- Compared to wax depilation, the advantage of sugaring is the fact that the sugar is water soluble.
 - With sugaring it is possible to remove shorter hairs than with waxing.
 - The sugar will only stick to the hair and dead skin cells, so the skin won't get irritated as easily as it would with waxing.
- Sugaring is a safe method of hair removing, but you should consider the following contraindications:
 - period/hormonal fluctuations (skin can feel more sensitive)
 - pregnant (check with a doctor first)
 - genital piercings or tattoos (it is possible to work around these)
 - sunburn
 - antibiotics, hormone replacement medication, hormonal birth control
 - accutane or retinoids (check with a doctor first)
 - chemotherapy and radiation
- Before sugaring
 - Hair length should be at least ¼-inch or 2 mm long.
 - If it isn't, you won't be able to get the sugaring treatment.
 - Lightly exfoliate a few days before your appointment to get dead skin cells out of the way. This will help prevent stray hairs from getting left behind.
 - Avoid tanning or applying retinoid creams for at least 24 to 48 hours before your appointment.
 - The day of, minimize your caffeine intake to prevent your pores from tightening. Do not drink alcohol on the same day.



•	The sugaring needs to be repeated every four to six weeks. Due to the different growth phases
	in the hair, it is possible to have a few hairs on the skin after a couple days have passed since
	the treatment.

/5 right gives 5 points

Total:	/24 points
--------	------------



Test

Demonstration indicator	Areas of improvement – comments from the
S/he knows the hair structure and	assessor
growth phases. Lists waxing and	
sugaring techniques for removing	
body hair.	
76-100% of questions are	
answered correctly.	
(19-24 points)	
60-75% percent of questions are	
answered correctly.	
(15-18 points)	
26-59% of questions are	
answered correctly.	
(7-14 points)	
1-25% of questions are answered	
correctly.	
(1-6 points)	
All questions are answered	
incorrectly.	



BODY PAINTING [BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENT







BODY PAINTING [BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENT]				
Learning outcomes cor	EQF 4			
Learning outcome: S/he appropriate techniques needs and wishes Knowledge	Demonstration indicators			
S/he is able to	S/he is able to	S/he demonstrates	Based on real work	
 Name various products and tools functional to body painting, including indications and contraindications. Describe various artistic patterns to be applied on the body. Distinguish types of treatments for various types of customers, incl. pregnant women, seniors, cancer patients, people with intolerances, etc. 	 Apply standard techniques for body painting. Apply cosmetic products functional to body painting. Design artistic patterns to be applied on the body. Use shading and perspective techniques. 	• On the basis of the customer's indications, perform the requested body painting service with different techniques and equipment, observing the purpose, hygiene rules and execution times.	 situations S/he transmits information to customers about different body paint permanent makeup options and trends through a website. S/he identifies, selects and prepares the tools and suitable cosmetics for each service. S/he prepares the customer file and body designs to adapt them to different body morphologies of the customers. S/he elaborates the work guidelines adapted to the customer features. S/he carries out body paintings with hypoallergenic products. S/he conducts a customer quality survey taking into account the parameters that 	



		define the quality of service.
Assessment tools	Test	
	 Case study 	
	 Observation 	
	 Demonstration 	



2.5 Body painting [Beauty Related Treatment]
List of activities
Exercise 1: Observation "Information and communication to the customer and satisfaction control"
Exercise 2: Demonstration "Body painting to promote a show or campaign with a social solidarity fund against breast cancer"
Exercise 3: Case study "Belly Painting with hypoallergenic products"
Exercise 4: Test Exercise " Identifying the tools and cosmetics"



Title of the activity	Exercise 1: Observation "Information and communication to the customer and satisfaction control"		
Presentation / Description of the activity steps	This task is carried out in a real work environment. The situation is the following: the learner creates a web page to inform the audience and give visibility to the center, which implies including extensive information on the type of services, processes, advantages, prices, stipulated times, other considerations to take into account such as the hygiene protocol (covid-19 protocol or similar pandemie), the company logo, location, hours, contact form, request for appointments, photos of the room, results that you can obtain through your own photographs. It will also include a satisfaction survey that will be sent to customers who have visited the beauty center for the first time. This task is performed in the mother tongue, so the demonstration indicators do not consider knowledge of the foreign language. However, ICT skills are considered.		
Place, needed	Place:		
materials / equipment/ tools	In the workplace Materials needed:		
	PC or tablet. Interval appropriate.		
	Internet connection.Google account.		
	 Google "sites" application (You can also use WordPress, Vimeo, etc) 		
	Google "forms" application.		
Time needed	4 hours		



Observation

Nr Demonstration indicator and key observation YES	NO	PARTLY		
	points for the specific indicators		NO	IANIEI
1.	S/he transmits information to customers about different body paint permanent make-			
	up options and trends through a website.			
1.1	S/he prepares a list with different body			
	painting make-up services that are performed			
	in the salon and synthesises the most relevant	Ц		
	information for potential customers.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
1.2	S/he prepares the subpages with the different			
	sections and spaces to display the information			
	with an aesthetic consistent with the spirit of	Ц	Ш	Ш
	the company.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
	•		·	
1.3	S/he distributes the information in a coherent			
	way within the format of the page and its			
	sections, showing truthful information and			
	photographs of its own creation or free			
	license.			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
		0 ,	·	
1.4	S/he checks that all the elements mentioned			
	in the task have been entered on the web			
	page: type of services, processes, advantages,			
	stipulated times, prices, specific hygiene and			
	prevention measures, company logo, location,			_
	opening hours to the public, contact, request			
	for appointments, photographs of the beauty			
	salon and the most relevant jobs or services, a			
	quality survey for customers who have visited			
	the beauty centre.			
6.	S/he conducts a customer quality survey taking	into accoun	t the paramet	ers that define
	the quality of service.	,		
6.1	S/he easily accesses the forms program,			
0.1	customizes, and configures the form.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills :	and competen	res:
6.2	S/he asks a minimum of 10 significant			
	questions about the quality of the service.			

110



Areas f	or improvements based on identified gaps in knov	vledge, skills	and competen	ces:	
6.3	S/he adds multimedia content to the form.				
Areas f	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
6.4.	6.4. S/he sends the forms via email to new customers and reviews the results of the responses.				
Areas f	or improvements based on identified gaps in knov	vledge, skills	and competen	ces:	



Title of the activity	Exercise 2: Case study "Body painting to promote a show or campaign with a social solidarity fund against breast cancer"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	This task is carried out in a real work environment. It is about making a series of sketches / designs for body paint in a template. The context would be the participation in a solidarity event (gala, show, fashion show), related to a local Breast Cancer Foundation. It would be necessary to perform two sketches to draw on chest and back for five models who are unilaterally or bilaterally mastectomized women, of different ages and body morphologies.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In a workplace Materials needed: PC or tablet. Internet connection. Drawing foils, colored pencils / watercolors / colored markers
Time needed	3 hours



Case Study Demonstration / Simulation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators YES NO PART		PARTLY		
3.	Prepare the customer file and body designs to adapt them to the different body		t body		
3.	morphologies of the customers.				
2.1	S/he prepares the customer file to be able to				
3.1					
	enter personal data and include the				
	personalized sketch that is prepared according	3			
Λ fo	to request.	النام مادالم			
Areas 10	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	riedge, skills a	and competend	ces:	
3.2	S/he makes the requested sketches by				
	drawing and coloring them on a sheet of				
	paper or on the computer using a drawing				
	program, taking into account the required				
	characteristics (position, size).				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competend	ces:	
3.3	S/he designs the artistic patterns that will be				
	applied in each model / customer, specifying				
	the type of products to be used, the order of				
	realization and application of the colors, and				
	conditions to be taken into account.				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competend	ces:	
4.	S/he elaborates the work guidelines adapted to the customer features.				
4.1	S/he prepares a checklist with the material,				
	tools, colours and make-up products				
	necessary in the event that the previously				
	designed sketches are to be applied on the				
	real model.				
Areas to	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competend	ces:	
4.2					
4.2	S/he describes the order in which make-up				
	must be applied (shapes, colours) taking into				
	account the specific characteristics of the				
Aross fo	cosmetics to be used in sequence.	المطعم دارنالد د	and composion	2001	
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
4.3	S/he takes into account in the description of				
_	the protocol the characteristics of the				
	•	l .			



	customer in order to adapt the working guidelines, resting times and comfort of the customer, maintaining safety and hygiene measures at all times when applying make-up on a customer.			
Areas fo	or improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:



Title of the activity	Exercise 3: Demonstration / Simulation "Belly Painting with hypoallergenic products"		
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	The learner has to perform a belly painting service for a customer who is pregnant in her last trimester and wants to hold a baby shower to celebrate the impending birth of a new baby. Through the design, the sex of the baby will be revealed to the guests. The make-up will be done at the customer's home. The learner must comply with the established protocol for the development of the activity. The learner must offer several designs to choose from depending on the sex of the baby. S/he has to prepare the work area and select the materials and make-up cosmetics, taking into account safety and hygiene measures. S/he has to take a photo of the customer prior to the make-up, and another with the finished design. The completion time should not exceed two hours.		
Place, needed	Place:		
materials / equipment/ tools	Customer's home Materials needed:		
equipment/ tools	Hypoallergenic make-up in a variety of colours.		
	Make-up brushes, sponges and other materials.		
	Paper handkerchiefs.		
	make-up remover, lotions, etc.		
	Disinfectant products.		
	Disposable linen protectors.		
	• Sketches		
	Hypoallergenic make-up in a variety of colours.		
Time a needed	• Camera.		
Time needed	2 hours and 30 min		



Demonstration / Simulation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY
2.	S/he identifies, selects and prepares the tools and suitable cosmetics for each		ash samisa	
2.1	S/he prepares the workplace in a clean and			
2.1	orderly manner, applying hygiene and			
	protection measures for the professional and the customer.			
Aroas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	lodgo skills :	and competen	cos:
Aleasio	i improvements based on identified gaps in know	rieuge, skilis d	and competen	ces.
2.2	S/he selects the tools, including the airbrush,			
	depending on the makeup to be done, taking			
	into account the previous design.			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
			•	
2.3	S/he select the specific anti-allergenic makeup			
	cosmetics Bases, Colors, fixers, make-up			
	remover)			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
5.	S/he carries out body paintings with hypoallerg	genic produc	ts.	
5.1	S/he performs the reception of the customer	П		
	and fills in the form with the personal data.			
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:			
5.2	S/he presents a sample of designs that the			
	customer can select for its realization and			
	takes a photo before the start of makeup and			
	the one after the completion of makeup.			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
5.3	S/he develops the protocol in sequence for			
	the application of specific belly painting body			
makeup.				
Areas fo	Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:			
		-	·	
5.4.	S/he makes the design on the customer using			
	shading and perspective techniques, taking			
	into account the use of functional cosmetic			

116



	products to body painting, hypoallergenic and			
	non-toxic.			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				



Title of the activity	Exercise 4: Test Exercise" Identifying the tools and cosmetics"
Presentation /	The trainer will evaluate the learner's knowledge regarding tools and
Description of the	cosmetics used for body make-up, through a test.
activity, steps	Development: The learner individually carries out the questionnaire.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In the workplace Materials needed:
	Pc or paper and pencil.
Time needed	1 hour



Test

- 1. Describes the different types of the most common cosmetics for body painting.
- 2. Name the most used makeup tools.
- 3. Why is airbrushing used in body makeup?
- 5. Describe the different types of airbrushes.
- 6. How can the product be supplied to these airbrushes?
- 7. How is the compressor pressure adjusted?
- 8. What needle diameters are used and how should they work?
- 9. Explain how to maintain and clean the airbrush.
- 10. Explain what types of products and dilutions are used for airbrush makeup.
- 11. Explain what other techniques in addition to makeup the airbrush is used.



Test Solution

- 1. Describes the different types of most common cosmetics for body painting.
 - Watercolour: It is a paste concentrate which is dissolved in water. It is not harmful for the skin since it helps perspiration. There is a wide range of colours: pearly, metallic, fluorescent and liquid tonalities which the latter ones could be used with an airbrush. They are used in body paintings and fantasy face make-up. They are not recommended on prosthesis since it could cut it up.
 - Its application is similar to watercolours with a pencil dissolved in water. Foam sponges could also be used. We should keep in mind the fact that if you add a lot of water to the colour, the intensity will diminish. We must create a paste mix to fulfill the desired effect on the customer.
 - Alcohol based make-up: They are presented in compact pads and they are used with a pencil, toothbrush or short-haired brush. They are also found in a liquid format for airbrushes but they get dried easily and they could clog the duct easily. One of its advantages is the fact of being resistant and they do not degrade with sweat or humidity. It is highly recommended on prosthesis make-up thanks to its characteristic.
 - It is applied in a similar way as the watercolour although it is mixed with alcohol instead of water. Therefore, this product is more aggressive for the skin and we should avoid its usage on sensitive areas.
 - Cream Make-Up: As for its composition, it is oily and it does not admit water. It is better than
 watercolour to put on make-up on prosthesis. It is applied directly on the skin with a pencil or
 sponges. Its colouring is quite intense so that a little quantity could cover a wide surface, it
 fades easier than the watercolour.
- 2. Name the most used makeup tools.
 - Tassels: It nuances the brightness and fuses prosthesis to the skin.
 - Cotton Buds: Cleansing.
 - Sponges: Latex sponges are used to apply on social foundations to polish the modelling surfaces. Foam sponges are used to apply watercolour.
 - Translucent Powder: They are transparent powders which do not modify the colour make-up. They are used in a general way to fix the correcting fluid and base.
 - Pencils: They are found in white or beige colour to place the design on the body.
 - Brushes: Synthetic brushes are the most commonly used for make-up although some of them
 mimic the look and feel of natural hair. Different shapes and sizes can be used depending on
 the design to make and products to employ.
 - They are well- cleaned and preserved using pencil cleanser, water, soap or alcohol.
 - Other tools: Metal or plastic palette, aesthetic sharpener, cotton, paper tissues, remove makeup products and prebase.
- **3.** Why is airbrushing used in body makeup?
 - Airbrush make-up achieves a silk skin appearance with a very natural appearance, unifying the color without leaving excess product. It provides a perfect result in photography, film and HD television, especially in close-up shots. The cosmetic used is a liquid base composed of pigments with a very small particle size that flows smoothly through the airbrush nozzle, dispersing throughout the sprayed surface.



4. Describe the different types of airbrushes.

There are two types of airbrush:

- Single action with or without needle: are those in which paint and air come out at the same time with a constant air / product ratio
- Double action: There are two classes: fixed double action and independent double action. The latter is more difficult to control but has greater possibilities.

The fixed double action is controlled with the fingertip by means of a push button or trigger. The air and product flow is fixed; pulling the trigger back increases the air/product flow in the same proportion.

In independent double action airbrushes, the trigger has two independent movements: pressing down allows only air to come out, keeping it pressed down when sliding the trigger backwards begins to supply product to the air flow. That is, the further back the trigger is moved, the thicker the product spray will be, if we slide very little backwards, little product will come out and a thin line will be painted.

5. How can the product be supplied to these airbrushes?

The product can be supplied in these airbrushes in two different ways:

- By gravity: Paint or make-up is drawn into the airbrush by gravity. The paint cup or housing is
 a fixed piece that is attached to the upper part of the airbrush body. It is best suited for facial
 make-up, ideal for HD make-up.
- By suction: The deposit is in the lower part of the airbrush and is a mobile part (cups or flasks),
 so it can be changed and replaced during work.
- 6. How is the compressor pressure adjusted?

Compressor: The pressure of the compressor must be adjusted to the type of application to be carried out, in the case of applying facial make-up, the most suitable pressure is between 0.4 and 0.7 bars.

7. What needle diameters are used and how should they work?

The needles also have different diameters: 0.2mm (nails), 0.3mm (face) and 0.5mm (body). When making up the face it is very important to choose the right equipment since it works in very sensitive and delicate areas, near the eyes, mouth, nose, ears. The equipment must have a needle no larger than 0.35mm in order to have precision and both the compressor and the airbrush have to work perfectly with low pressure.

8. Explain how to maintain and clean the airbrush.

Whenever an application is finished, proper maintenance and cleaning is essential to avoid clogging. To do this, it is necessary to disassemble it piece by piece, always using a plastic container (not glass or metal), and clean all the pieces one by one using a specific cleaning product and some special small brushes to be able to access all the corners of the pieces. Never soak it in water, alcohol or turpentine.

A dirty or neglected airbrush gives many problems, failures in the air or paint supply, obtaining an irregular application.



9. Explain what types of products and dilutions are used for airbrush makeup.

Airbrush make-up should be specially formulated using very small, fluid particle size pigments so as not to plug or clog the ducts of the equipment. Most of the products are silicone based, and the fine size of the pigments is what provides a perfect, fully matte finish and provides long durability allowing the skin to breathe, without the need for touch-ups with a smooth and natural appearance. There are also bases for water, oil, and alcohol. Silicone as a make-up base has the advantage of being very elastic, heat resistant and water resistant.

10. Explain what other techniques in addition to makeup the airbrush is used.

The airbrush technique is also used for self-tanning, body painting, temporary tattoos, nail art, and has long been used in special effects make-up.



Test assessment template

Demonstration indicator		Areas of improvement – comments from the
S/he identifies, selects and		assessor
prepares the tools and suitable		
cosmetics for each service		
76-100% of questions are		
answered correctly.		
60-75% percent of questions are	Threshold	
answered correctly.		
26-59% of questions are		
answered correctly.		
1-25% of questions are answered		
correctly.		
All questions are answered		
incorrectly.		

Instructions:

All questions correctly answered are scored with a maximum of 100 points.

Correct question 10 points; Partially correct 5 points; Not answered or less than half correct do not score.



TANNING [BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENT]





2.6 TANNING [BEAUTY RELATED TREATMENT]				
Learning outcomes cor	EQF 4			
Learning outcome: S/he is able to provide tanning services by choosing appropriate techniques and products depending in the customer needs and wishes Responsibility and			Demonstration indicators	
Knowledge	Skills	autonomy		
S/he is able to	S/he is able to	S/he demonstrates proven ability to	Based on real work situations	
 List various products functional to specific tanning techniques, including indications and contraindications Name self-tanning products for use at home Classify various methods and techniques of tanning Recall various devices used for performing tanning services (lamps, beds, sun and spray booths, airbrush guns) Risks associated with tanning services (skin cancer, infections, addiction) List basic principles of skin care before and after treatment Distinguish types of treatments for various types of 	 Use tanning devices (lamps, beds, sun and spray booths, airbrush guns) Follow standardized procedures for the provision of tanning service Advise customers on indications and contraindications of various techniques, outlining risks of tanning 	On the basis of the customer's indications, perform the requested tanning service with different techniques and equipment, observing the hygiene rules and advising on skin care before and after the treatment	different techniques,	



clients, incl. pregnant women, seniors, cancer patients, people with intolerances, etc.		various techniques, outlining risks of tanning. • S/he gives individual recommendations for the customer about the tanning services.
Assessment tools	 Observation Demonstration Evidence extracted from work / case students Test 	ıdy



2.6 Tanning [Beauty Related Treatment]
List of activities
Exercise 1: Observation "Relationship with the Tanning Customer"
Exercise 2: Demonstration / Simulation "Tanning Treatment with Customer"
Exercise 3: Evidence extracted from work / case study "Self-Tanning"
Exercise 4: Test "History of Tanning"



Title of the activity	Exercise 1: Observation "Relationship with the Tanning Customer"
Presentation / Description of the activity steps	Activity description: The learner answers a phone call from a tanning customer and books a tanning appointment for them. The learner also explains the treatment to the customer and gives home care instructions. This phone conversation should be done at the salon of the school with older learners.
	The trainer observes the phone conversation.
	Learners will perform the phone conversation with the tanning customer in a foreign language (English).
	Learners participate in the tanning treatment by giving the customer advice and notes about the following during the phone conversation: • indications • contraindications • various techniques • outlining risks of tanning This advice and notes should be included in the phone call! The learner's phone conversation will be assessed according to the demonstration indicator and key observations points for the specific indicators. Are the indicators included in the phone conversation (yes, no or partly)? Assessment evaluation is approved.
Place, needed materials / equipment/ tools	Place: In the salon of the school / workplace (Learners will have a real phone conversation with a real customer about a tanning appointment) Materials needed: A phone
Time needed	6 hours



Observation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation	YES	NO	PARTLY	
	points for the specific indicators	ILS	NO	TANILI	
1.	S/he discusses individually with the customer in an understandable manner, also in a				
	foreign language (interview and observation).				
1.1	S/he discusses individually with the customer		П	П	
	(interview and observation) on the phone.	Ш			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
1.2	S/he discusses in a professional and				
	understandable manner, in a foreign				
	language.				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
2.	S/he advises various types of customers on ind	ications and	contraindicati	ons of various	
	techniques, outlining risks of tanning.				
2.1	S/he, in the phone conversation, advises the				
	customer about indications				
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
2.2	S/he, in the phone conversation, advises the		П	П	
	customer about contraindications		_	_	
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
2.3	S/he, in the phone conversation, advises the		П	П	
	customer about various technique		_	_	
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:	
2.4.	S/he, in the phone conversation, advises the				
	customer about outlining risks of tanning	_	_	_	
	(melanoma, skin cancer, dehydration,				
	sunburn, heat rash, premature skin aging, eye				
	damage, immune system suppression)				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					



Title of the activity	Exercise 2: Demonstration "Tanning Treatment with Customer"				
Presentation /	Activity description: This task is done in a real working situation and				
Description of the activity, steps	customer at the salon of the school or at the real beauty salon.				
	The learner of the beauty salon will manage the treatment with the				
	customer throughout the tanning service while taking into consideration the				
	different techniques, equipment, eco-friendly products and the rules of hygiene. S/he also notes indications and contraindications.				
	The learner will advise on the skin care before and after the treatment.				
	Tanning treatment				
	Step 1: Choose the products and device explain your choices to the				
	customer (5 minutes)				
	Step 2: Preparation before treatment (15 minutes)				
	Step 3: Work with the tanning product and device (30 minutes)				
	Step 4: Skin care after the treatment (10 minutes)				
Place, needed	Place:				
materials /	In the salon of the school / workplace				
equipment/ tools	Materials needed:				
	 Products: tanning products and/or device, 				
	Tools: papers or/and sponge				
Time needed	2 hours				



Demonstration / Simulation

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation	YES	NO	PARTLY
1	points for the specific indicators S/he performs the requested tanning service w	ith different	*********	
1.			techniques, e	quipment and
4.4	products, including indications and contraindications.			
1.1	S/he explains her/his choices for the	_	_	_
	requested tanning service including			
	indications and contraindications			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
1.2	S/he performs different tanning techniques in	П	П	П
	a professional manner			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
		0 /	,	
1.3	S/he chooses equipment and right products			
	for the customer			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ı ıledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
1.4	S/he considers eco-friendly products for the			
	customer			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ı ıledge, skills a	and competen	ces:
	Theus for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skins and competences.			
2.	S/he observes the hygiene rules and advises or	skin care be	fore and after	the
	treatment.			
2.1	S/he follows the hygiene rules	П	П	
	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ledge skills :	and competen	
711 Cu3 10	improvements based on identified gaps in know	reage, skills t	and competent	ccs.
2.2	S/he will advise on the skin care before and			
2.2	after the treatment			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	ladga skills s	and competen	COC:
Aleasio	i improvements based on identified gaps in know	rieuge, skilis t	and competent	ces.
3.	S/he uses tanning devices (lamps, beds, sun an	d spray boot	hs, airbrush gi	ın).
3.1	S/he chooses the right tanning device (lamps,	a spray boot	no, an orașii ge	,.
3.1	beds, sun and spray booths, airbrush gun) for	П	П	П
	the customer			
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:				
AI Cas IO	i improvements based on identified gaps in know	rieuge, skills d	and competen	ues.
1	S/ha gives individual recommendations for the	customer ch	out the tensi:	na comicos
4.	S/he gives individual recommendations for the	customer an	out the tannii	ig services.



4.1	S/he gives individual recommendations during the tanning service for the customer			
	the tailing service for the customer			
Areas fo	r improvements based on identified gaps in know	rledge, skills a	and competen	ces:



Title of the activity	Exercise 3: Evidence extracted from work / case study "Self-Tanning"
Presentation / Description of the activity, steps	Activity description: Learner will do a presentation about different self-tanning products for use at home and distinguish the selective and semi-selective products. Semi-selective cosmetic products are available in the markets for every consumer. Selective cosmetics you can find at a beauty salon to be sold individually to the customer.
	 In the presentation s/he should take into consideration the following: give instructions about self-tanning products (at least one semi-selective and one selective product) use before and after treatment share her / his own experience about the self-tanning product
	Paying special attention
	 to avoiding streaky end-result, especially on the hairline, jaw, neck, elbows, knees and legs!
Place, needed materials /	Place: In the school
equipment/ tools	Materials needed:
	Computers and internet connection, computer classroom
Time needed	2 hours



Case Study

Nr	Demonstration indicator and key observation points for the specific indicators	YES	NO	PARTLY	
1.	1. S/he names self-tanning products for use at home.				
1.1	S/he names semi-selective self-tanning product for use at home				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
1.2	S/he names selective self-tanning product for use at home				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
1.3	S/he gives instructions about self-tanning products use before and after treatment				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					
1.4	S/he advises how to avoid streaky end-result when using self-tanning products at home				
Areas for improvements based on identified gaps in knowledge, skills and competences:					



Exercise 4: Test "History of Tanning"
Activity description: The knowledge of the history of tanning will be tested
with a traditional paper test.
Place:
 In the school
Materials needed:
 Test (paper) and pen
1 hour



Solution

Example phone call:

- Answering the phone. Greeting with a pleasant voice and friendly attitude. Conversation and confirmation of the tanning treatment.
 - Learner: Salon xx, learner xx speaking, how can I help you?
 - Customer: My name is xx, I would like to book a sun bed for me.
 - Learner: Okay, I can tell you more about sunbed instructions. And we have opening on the xx-day xx-time.
 - Customer: I would like to book sunbed on xx-day and xx-time.
- Instructions for the tanning treatment.
 - Learner: Great! Use tanning bed goggles, because the light could hurt your eyes.
 Cosmetics and some medications can increase the skin's sensitivity to UV-radiation.
 You should clean your skin from makeup, parfums and lotions. If you're on any medications, you should consult your doctor before treatment.
- What tanning products and tools are used?
 - Learner: Dry brush or exfoliate the body skin before the sunbed treatment and
 make sure your skin is clean. This helps ensure that the tanning result is smooth
 and even. Make sure that you disinfect the sunbed before and after using. If the
 sunbed doesn't work let us know immediately. Note that you can use the sunbed
 only once per day and you shouldn't sunbathe on the same day.
 - Customer: Okay, that is clear.
- Incications and contraincications
 - Learner: You can use the sunbed maximum 20 times per year. During the first
 appointment you should use the sunbed for a short time, 5 minutes at most. If a
 mole on the skin becomes itchy, starts to grow, darkens in colour or starts
 bleeding, or if you notice any other unusual changes in your skin, consult a doctor
 immediately. If you have very sensitive skin you shouldn't use sunbed at all.
 - Customer: Okay. I'll be careful and follow instructions. I have normal skin.
- Home care instructions.
 - Learner: After the treatment we recommend that you should avoid vigorous exercise and hot shower or sauna on the treatment day. Thank you for calling and Wellcome on xx-day and xx-time.
 - Customer: Yes, thank you very much. Good bye.
 - Learner: Good bye.



Test

The test consists of the following questions. The expected time is 1 hour.

1.	When and who invented the "incandescent light bath" and for what purpose?	
		/3 points
2.	For what reason Niels Finsen was awarded the Nobel Prize for medicine and what ye	ar?
		/2 points
3.	When, who, how and for what reason was tanning "invented"?	
		/4 points
4.	Explain in your own words how the tanning trend evolved between the 1960s and 20	
		/5 points
5.	Name four celebrities from the 21s century who are admired for their tan skin.	/2
6	What are the risks of tanning, confirmed in 2009?	/2 points
0.	What are the risks of tarming, commined in 2003:	/4 points
7.	What was the purpose of the Sunbed Regulation Act, when was it introduced and ho Act affect adult tanners?	
		/4 points
Tota	ıl:	/24 points



Test Solution

The test consists of the following questions. The expected time is 60 minutes.

1.	When and who invented the "incandescent light bath" and for what purpose	e?
	John Harvey Kellogg	(1 point)
	on the year 1891	(1 point)
	to help cure King Edward's VII gout	(1 point)
		/+ + l 2 i

/together 3 points

For what reason Niels Finsen was awarded the Nobel Prize for medicine and what year?
 "Phototherapy" to remove skin ulcers caused by lupus vulgaris
 in 1903
 (1 point)

/together 2 points

3. When, who, how and for what reason was tanning "invented"?

In the 1920s (1 point)
Coco Chanel (1 point)
She caught too much sun

i.e. sunbathing on a Mediterranean cruise

This way she accidentally created a new beauty trend

(1 point)

/total 4 points

4. Explain in your own words how the tanning trend evolved between the 1960s and 2000s.

By the 1960s, people had enough money to enjoy colour films and travelling. The glamour of sunbathing drew Britons to the Mediterranean, particularly Spain. (1 point)

When economic strife returned to Britain in the 1970s, methods of sunless tanning – such as Coppertone self-tan – grew in popularity, and by 1978, the sunbed was reintroduced as a quick way of bronzing. (1 point)

The cosmetics boom of the 1980s and the accessibility of Mediterranean package holidays too carried the glamour of tanning through to the 1990s. (2 points)

By 2000, a survey showed that 50% of Britons said that returning with a tan was the single most important reason for actually going on holiday. (1 point)

/total 5 points

- 5. Name four celebrities from the 21s century who are admired for their tan skin.

 Jessica Alba, Beyonce, Halle Berry, Kim Kardashian, Katie Price and Victoria Beckham

 /4 right gives 2 points
- 6. What are the risks of tanning, confirmed in 2009?It was found that rates of malignant melanoma in the UK have more than quadrupled in the past 30 years.(1 point)

It is the most common form of cancer among ages 15-34. (1 point)



The World Health Organisation has found that people who have been using tanning devices before age 30 are 75% more likely to develop melanoma. (2 points) /total 4 points

7. What was the purpose of the Sunbed Regulation Act, when was it introduced and how does the Act affect adult tanners?

It was introduced in 2010 and it became illegal for tanning salons to allow under-18s to use sunbeds (2 points)

There is no regulation on how often an adult can use a sunbed (2 points) /total 4 points

Total: /24 points

139



Test

Demonstration indicator	Areas of improvement – comments from the
Classify various methods and	assessor
techniques of tanning. Recall	
various devices used for	
performing tanning services.	
Risks associated with tanning	
services.	
76-100% of questions are	
answered correctly.	
(19-24 points)	
60-75% percent of questions are	
answered correctly.	
(15-18 points)	
26-59% of questions are	
answered correctly.	
(7-14 points)	
1-25% of questions are answered	
correctly.	
(1-6 points)	
All questions are answered	
incorrectly.	



Annex - Profile template for the candidate of the assessment

PROFILE OF CANDIDATE IN THE FIELD OF WELLNESS AND TOURISM

NAME:	
SURNAME:	
DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH:	
ADDRESS:	
	LNESS AND TOURISM SECTORS ferences from employers; evidence provided by the candidate useful to the acces)
EXTRA PROFESSIONAL EXPE (please describe, as precisely work experience)	RIENCES y as possible, the activities done and the courses attended beyond the
OTHER (notes of the assessor to be	considered for the final evaluation)
(notes of the assessor to be	considered for the final evaluation)
UNITS TO BE EVALUATED (please tick relevant units)	
(picuse tiek relevant anies)	
Unit 1	
Unit 2	
Unit 3	
Unit 4	



Summary of the results from the assessment

Based on selected methods and tools of assessment, the assessor provides a feedback to the trainee / worker. In the first column, assessor writes the selected unit from the occupational standards and lists demonstration indicators, which were evaluated. In the second column, the assessor provides areas of strengths related to the specific indicator. In the third column, the assessor provides information on areas of improvements: weaknesses and proposal for the personal improvement plan.

Unit					
Demonstration indicators	Areas of strengths based on assessment with use of observation, demonstration, case study and / or test.	Areas of improvements on the basis of assessment with use of observation, demonstration, case study and / or test.			
•	£	£			
•	£	£			
•					
•					
•					
•					
•					
•					
•					